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OR SALE.

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MEETING

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A. GA.

A week ago last Sunday Mary went to one of the drug stores of the town and purchased a dime's worth of morphine. The druggist asked her in a jocular manner if she intended to kill herself. She replied with a laugh, "Yes, that is what I want with the morphine." She then went home, and returning to her room took the poisonand returning to her room took the poison-ous drug. Fortunately her mother soon will go for Grant." discovered what the girl had done, and immediately called a physician, who applied the proper remedies and her life was saved. During last week, still apparently in good spirits, she attended a revival meeting in who is for Sherman—that is Mr. Warner, progress in the town, going two or three

On Thursday night she remained at home, and while alone in her room cut her throat with her father's razor, inflicting a terrible gash, but not severing the windpipe. Medical aid was summoned, the and dressed, and the physician stated that with proper care she would recover. Friday night, however, during the brief absence of her mother from her beds de, the girl, determined on death, tore open the wound in her throat, and even wrenched open the windpipe, dying before

The suicide is a most remarkable one. The girl was perfectly sane, at no time manifesting the slightest symptoms of inmanifesting the slightest symptoms of insanity. She was of unusually happy disposition. She had no love affair, she had never had the attentions of any man. The loss of her money never seemed to disturb her and was never referred to by her. Lovable in her disposition, sweet in temper, and beloved and respected by all, what could be the impelling cause to her suicide is most remarkable. The case is one of the most singular that ever occurred in this part of the country.

"How did Blaine get his strength in Alamam?"

"The republicans feel that his services entitle him to nomination. He is brilliant, devoted, big-brained and big-hearted, and would be the president of the whole country. He is very popular with the democrats. In the Spencer and anti-Spencer fights in this state he took our side—namely, the anti-Spencers—and helped us out.

*LAWRENCE, Ks, February 5.—A terrible tragedy was enacted three miles from here this morning, which will result in the death of two persons. In May last Samuel J. Holmes married Mrs. Holliday, a widow with a grown daughter. Three months ago the daughter married a man named Benfield, and the mother presented her with sixty acres of land. Holmes, who had married the widow for her property, was very angry at this, and frequently threatened to murder the whole family. About three o'clock, this morning, Holmes called Benfield up to go for the doctor, saying he was very sick. As Benfield started down the stairs, Holmes struck him twice over the LAWRENCE, Ks , February 5 .- A terrible very sick. As Benfield started down the stairs, Holmes struck him twice over the head with a hickory club, knocking him senseless and cutting great holes in his head. Holmes then went to the bed where Mrs Benderick and the state of the bed where Mrs Benderick and the state of the bed where Mrs Benderick and the state of the stat Holmes then went to the bed where Mrs Ben-field lay sleeping, dragged her out by the hair, and beat her over the head until she, too, was senseless. Meantime, Benfield partially recovered, and ran out of doors, crying for help. Holmes followed, and the two clinched in a fierce struggle. By this time Mrs. Benfield recovered consciousness, ran to her hus-band's assistance, and, together, they man-aged to keep Holmes at bay. Then they started across the froz-n fields in their night clothes to the nearest neighbor's, closely pursued by Holmes, till they came to a close hedge, when a desperate encounter occurred, Benfield defending himself with a fence rail. Finally Benfield and wife escaped, and Holmes started back hon e, resolved to kill his wife; but the neighbors arrived in time to save her life. Holmes was arrested and brought to this city. He physicians were two hours d'essing the wounds of Mr. and Mrs. Benfield, and it is thought neither can recover.

CINCINNATI, February 5.—William Patterson alias John Williams and William Garland alias Garland Williams, both colored, were arrested here to-day for the murder of Darby Martin, nine miles from Georgetown, Scott county, Ky., December 8, 1863 Martin was herding cattle for Daniel and Josiah Price and Robert Lee at the time, and had sold some cattle and had about \$150 in the house. The prisoners we reslaves in that neighborhood and supposed Martin had several thousand dollars. He lived in a lonely cabin, and was robbed, murdered and the house burned, the murderers only getting the \$150. These men were suspected, but no priof could be obtained. George Price, under sentence of death for the murder of Villie Black, lived in that neighborhood at that time and knew enough of the crime to cause the arrest of the two men. Both have made confessions. Patterson says they went there to rob. He stayed outside while Garland went in, got the money and set the house on fire. Garland denies this and says he saw Patterson going away from the house. Patterson was the witness against Price at his trial, and Garland got Price's place at the tobacco warehouse after the murder of Black. The prisoners will be taken to Scott county, tomorrow. It is rumored that they will not be put on trial.

PITTSBURG, February 5—A rural robbery occurred to night, the particulars of which were laid before Chief Pender at a late hour. John Butler and his brother occupy a house in the little hamlet of Williamsburg, Lower St. Clair Township, and a young sister, aged about eighteen years, keeps it in order for them. The men had to leave the house and were unable to return home until midnight. Miss Butler being left alone, she attended to her household duties until the hour for retiring arrived, when she went to her bedroom, in which was the trunk of the brothers. It contained a considerable amount of money. rived, when she went to her bedroom, in which was the trunk of the brothers. It contained a considerable amount of money. She began to disrobe, but was startled by strange sounds which drew her attention to the bed, and she was horrified to see a blackened face protrude from beneath it.

Too frightened to act promptly, and knowing that she was alone, the girl was soon at the mercy of the man, who was joined by three others, all coming from beneath the bed and all with blackened faces. The quartette of villains rushed upon Miss Butler, tied her arms and legs with towels, firmly bound, a handkerchief over her mouth, and with a large towel bound her to the bedsteft and left her a helpless spectator to the robbery. The robbers then broke open the trunk and took from it \$300 belonging to her brother John, and a like rum belonging to her other brother. Without releasing the young lady the blackened burglars left the premises, and have thus far eluded their pursuers. The fellows did not offer to maltreat Miss Butler, and she was found by her brothers bound as above described on their return. She is unable to give an accurate description of the men, as their faces were blackened beyond description.

COLUMBIA, S. C., February 5—A negrocabin on the plantation of Captain W.
Slack, three miles north of Columbia, was
destroyed by fire about ten o'clock Tuesday
night. Two men, one woman and six children perished in the flames. The fire was
discovered by a colored woman who ran to
the burning building and pulled off a
board, when she heard one of the children
attempting to awaken its father without
success. Before other assistance arrived
the cabin and its occupants were burned
up. The chimney, a crude affair made of
clay and sticks, is supposed to have ignited
while the negroes were asleep. The cabin
had but one door and no windows.

Dallas, Texas, February 5.—The Dallas county court-house was burned yesterday together with many valuable papers. The building cost \$100,000 and losses about half that amount. It is believed the fire was of incendiary origin.

LY CONSTITUTI

VOL. XII.

ATLANTA, GA., FRIDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 6, 1880.

at Mobile, during district court. There were about thirty republicans present. They were divided between Grant and Blaine, and the talk we had convinced me that the delegates would be divided between those two. Grant is the strongest, but the

the anti-Spencers-and helped us out. We are for him generally, while the Spen-

cer men are for Grant." "What about the party strength in the "It is hard to tell. With Grant as the

"It is hard to tell. With Grant as the nominee, and a good electoral ticket, and fair issues, I believe we could carry the state. We would make a good fight with Blaine. With Sherman we could do nothing. He is least popular with both parties. He is regarded by the democrats as narrow, sectional and unrelenting. He has never made any exhibition of patriotism and liberality, as Blaine did when he defeated the the Force bill, and as Grant has done repeatedly. He has no following to speak of in Alabama, and can get none. The delegation will be for Grant and Blaine, with Blaine a strong second."

Judge Rice has been chief justice of the state, is well known, active and observant, state, is well known, active and observant, and his views are understood to represent

Alabama opinion fairly and accurately THE GRANT BOOMERS. HARRISBURG, PA., February 5 .- The following are the most prominent points of the platform adopted yesterday: 5. In view of the recent events in congress and in the southern states, and latterly in the state of

Fourth, Security throughout, free speech and free press. Equal rights and privilege: to all men everywhere, irrespective of nationality, color or religion.

J. F. Fifth free and pure ballot, thoroughly protected, is what every man is entitled to cast and vote, and he may do so just once at each election without fear or molest-tion, moral or physical, on account of his political faith or religion.

Sixth. Honesty in elections. The people having virtue and patriotism to govern themselv.s, the government must depend for its stability upon elections. Until a man is con-idered infamous who casts an illegal vote, our government is not safe, and whoever deprives a citizen of his right to vote or of the legal effect of his vote, is a traitor to our government.

Seventh. An honest count of all the votes legally cast and a return of whoever is elected, free from all attempts to defraud the people of their choice through technicalities or by an arbitrary rejection of their votes.

6. We extend to the republicans of Maine our congratulations on the peaceful and successful resistance of the effort to defraud the people of the state of the right to choose their own representatives and an attempt to steal the government of the state. Our republican form of government will be a signal failure when a political party can succeed in defeating the public will, as shown by the people at the ballot box.

7. We deceptly regret the growing tendency to throw elections aside on mere technicalities and informalities. I he rights of the people to choose their public servants is too sacred to be subverted upon the pretext that the returns of all elections are dependent on some trivial matter of form.

8. We thank our senators and representatives are dependent on some trivial matter of form.

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WISCONSIN FOR BLAINE.

New York Tribune. A Wisconsin ex-congressman, who served ten years in the house during and after the reconstruction period, and then retired because he was not willing to serve any longer, said lately that he difficied from Mr. Rublee's view of the attitude of his state on the receive that he difficiently described the state of the s

said lately that he differed from Mr. Rublee's view of the attitude of his state on the presidential question recently given to the Tribune.

"A majority of the Wisconsin republicans are for Biaine," he said, "and I am confident that every district will send Blaine delegates to the Chicago convention, except the Milwaukee district, where the Germans control the action of the party. They will be for Washburne if he is in the field, and for Sherman if he is not There are many Grant men in the state, but not enough in any one district to control its convention. If the Blaine men desire to do so they could easily have the state convention instruct the entire delegation for him, but I do not think they wish to pursue this course. They prefer that every district delegate should be free to represent the opinions of his immediate constituents."

"Can the state be carried for either of the candidates named?"

"Beyond any sort of doubt. You can put down Wisconsin as sure to give her electoral vote for the nominee of the Chicago convention, whoever he may be."

JERSEY POLITICIANS FOR BLAINE.

TRENTON, February 5.—It has been erroneously announced that the republican state convention, but will also nominate candidates for givernor and presidential electors. The convention will only appoint delega'es to the republican national convention. At the meeting of the republican state committee the other night there was no formal discussion regarding presidential candidates, but it is well known that a decided majority of the committee are in favor of Blaine. The impression among politicians is that the Grant and the gr

THE TRULY ANXIOUS

THE TRULY ANXIOUS

Germans, and because, with him as a candidate, it would be absolutely impossible to put the republican party on the defensive.

New York, February 5.—Hoo, John Fitch, the king of the Long Branch Pier company, and prime factor in the late national republican committee, said to the Times correspondent to night: "Wash-urne, real fillinois, can carry New York, New Jersey and Connecticut. The Germans are publicans, and at once asked him as to the choice of Alabama in the republican convention.

"The most of our people," he said, "are for Grant. There is no denying that; but Blaine has a strong following and a great many friends. I am a Blaine man myself and may put his strength higher than it is, but I think he will get part of the Alabama delegation. The rest, possibly the majority, will go for Grant."

"Has Sherman no following in the state?"

"None to speak of. There are a few office holder for him, but I do not know but one single man in Alabama not an office-holder may in the state of the presidential office. He had come to Albamy to make the war and the state agricultural society, so as to be relieved of even that for mention the war of the Blaine."

"Have you tested the feeling pretty thoroughly?"

"Yes, I am interested in Blaine, and I have been looking around considerably. The other night we had a party conference at Mobile, during district court. There are about thirty republicans present.

The other night we had a party conference at Mobile, during district court. There are about thirty republicans present.

The other night we had a party conference at Mobile, during district court. There are about thirty republicans present. made overtures for an alliance with Mr. Tilden, and most of the aspirants for minor

democratic nominations are seeking to do the same thing." ALL AROUND US.

Griffin, Hawkinsville, Jefferson, Car tersville, Etc.

Blaine men will have a hearing in the con-GRIFFIN, February 5.—Yesterday a negro on the fruit farm of Judge John D. Cunningham, at Orchard hill, handled a shot gun with too little care, resu ting with the usual accident, one of his hands was terribly torn and had to be amputated, Dr. Collier performing the operation. Collier performing the operation.—Rev. Dr. W. J. Mitchell, pastor of the First Baptist church of this city, left yesterday on a six months tour through the north.

JEFFERSON, February 4.—The case of The State vs. Pierce Williams will be the order of to-day in court. Mr. Williams is charged

is attached to Western and Atlantic road, as the accident was evidently the result of ignorance of how to couple Georgia railroad cars. The verdict of this community is that there should be some law passed compelling the Georgia railroad to dispense with those man-killing end-sills and use buffers similar to those used by all other roads.—Court is still in session, but will close this week with an adjourned term lose this week, with an adjourned termext May. Every criminal tried has bee

ATHENS, February 5.—The funeral services of Mr. Willie Newton will take place in the Presbyterian church to-day. The deceased was a son of Dr. W. H. Newton, of this city, and was a member of the university class of 1877.——The weather during this week has been altogether winterish. Monday night it sleeted quite furiously. Mr. Thomas Newton. of Union Point, and Miss Sallie Moss, of Athens, were married last evening, February 4th.——A negro on the plantation of Mr. E. R. Cheney was seriously injured a few days ago by getgro on the plantation of Mr. E. R. Cheney was seriously injured a few days ago by getting in the way of the lever of an old fashioned cotton packing screw, while packing cotton.—Mr. Thompson, a brother of Greene Thompson, who was a member of Bullock's legislature, died in Greensboro. February 2d.—Niggers, mules and blind bridles are in demand in Greene county.—It is told on Colonel Acton, of The Constitution that when he visits a country town. long enough to make a calculation in liquic measure, and timidly answers, "we don' sell by wholesale, sir."

sell by wholesale, sir."

HAWKINSVILLE, February 4.—Last night at one o'clock a fire was discovered in the upper story of the Brown & Loidern building, on Commerce street, owned by Kibbee & Ryan. The flames soon passed to the Odd Fellows' building, thence down towards the river, consuming the above buildings, a dwelling for Lathrop, of Savannah, a store for John Fall, and two other stores for Kibbee & Ryan. The lower story of the Odd Fellows' building was occupied by Bonnie Monhiem as a store room. He had on hand a stock of \$3,000. He saved \$1,500 worth of his goods and was insured for \$3,000. The Odd Fellows' building was insured for one thousand dollars. There was no insurance on any of the other buildings. The total loss was between fiteen and twenty thousand dollars. It is unknown whether the fire started accidently or was set. This makes the third we have had in three months, consuming fifteen thousand dollars worth of property.—A negro confined in jail in this place froze to death last night.

Roberts Denies It. London, February, 5.—General Roberts, the British commander at Cabul, in reply to a telegram from a relative asking about the truth of the charge that he (Roberts) had ordered the wholesale executions of the captured Afghans, replies: "Nobody was executed unless convicted of participation in the attack on the British residency."

New Orleans, February 5.—Another p tition signed by a number of prominer merchants has been forwarded to the pres dent urging the appointment of ex-Governor Pinchback as naval officer.

DOWN IN DIXIE.

ALAB MA has 1,077 postoffices.

GADSDEN, Ala., is to have a \$21,000 hotel. GADSDEN, Ala., is to have a \$21,000 hotel.

THE thermometer indicated 90 one day last week at Falestine, Texas.

GULLMAN county, Ala., has Irish potato vines aix inches high.

At the list term of the Mobile city court there were 70 convictions.

THE DIBOIS gin factory at Tuskaloosa recently sold for \$45,000.

THE oil from the whale captured near Charleston, S. C., was worth \$500.

STRAWBERRIES continue to ripen around SEVEN hundred and fifty mortgages were re-orded in Etowah county, Ala., last year. THE colored men of Lafayette, Ala., will issue the wspaper, the Pioneer. NUMBERS of cows are dying in Etowah county tia., from some unknown cause. THE Grand Lodge of Tennessee Kwights of ythias meets in Nashville next Tuesday. Carolina is 15,000 whites and 7,000 colored.

SIG SUSCHER, the Frankfort, Ky., brewer, is about to erect an ice factory at a cost of \$10,000.

In the case known as the Harris case, in the Union circuit court, Ky., which has just closed, 3,000 pages of depositors were filed.

The laboring classes are very generally contracting for the present year in Concordis parish, Louisians. TOLD YOU SO!"

W. G. ON DON'S GIFT TO GRANT.

ates Upon the Various Peelings by Which the South is Actuated, Her Unimportance in Politics, the Side Upon Which Her Bread is Buttered.

ATLANTA, GA., February 5 .- The Georgia papers have had a good deal to say about the "Grant boom" in the south, and have coupled my name with it, in a way to lead to the suggestion that I was riding in the band-wagon, or driving one of the animal cages, when the truth is I am simply sitting on the fence casually observing the procession as it passes.

I could never, under any circumstances,

vote for General Grant, but shall vote against him whenever he runs and under whatever flag his followers train. His administration was unclean, despotic, brutal. He wrote his decrees with a mailed hand, and pinned them on the walls with bayo nets. His administration was a perpetual outrage upon the civil law, and a standing menace to constitutional liberty. If it is found that he is strong enough to force that administration upon the republic for a third time, in violation of all patriotic precedent, he will be strong enough to do anything, and the liberties of the American people will then begin just where Grant's

I declared that back of these democrats was a large number of business men and others who would support Grant, and I gave it as my opinion that if Grant was a candidate he would have a chance of carrying several southern states. Subsequent investigation has simply confirmed the opinion I then expressed. It may not be out of place to Philadelphia repeat some of the predictions here. AS TO THE SOLID SOUTH.

The first thing I noticed in my investiga

state or lancy, that it the sectional lines were wiped out, sectional issues abandoned, and sectional politicians sent to the rear, the constraint on the currents of capital and population issuing from New York would be removed and left to their natural channels, they would flow southward rather than westward.

I say, therefore, that I have met scores of merchants who said "I would like to see

merchants who said, "I would like to see the solid south split, and the war and its sectional issues forgotten." THE SOUTH'S POLITICAL UNIMPORTANCE.

I found many politicians who, democrats for years, declared that they would support Grant if he were a candidate.

Few people have thought how incon-sequential the south's political future is. Suppose you go to a southern republican and ask him who his state will go for in the nominating convention. He tells you:

"Well, we can't hope to give any candidate any electoral votes, and therefore we don't feel justified in forcing a choice on the states that, after all, must do the elec-

Then go and ask a southern democrat Then go and ask a southern democrat, and he says:

"Well, the southern states will go solid for any man that is put up, and we don't feel justified in forcing a nomination on the northern states, where, after all, the heavy fighting must be done!"

So that in both cases the southern states are in a certain sense rotten hyroughs—

So that in both cases the southern states are, in a certain sense, rotten buroughs—with no essential importance in national conventions—not daring even to take a front seat—simply delegates with technical functions prescribed, and the special injunction of silence written on each lip As to offering a candidate for the presidency—the aspiration for which should be the right of the humbles! American citizen—that would be considered worse than the right of the humbles: American citizen—that would be considered worse than madness. Ireland might as well offer a candidate for king of Britain if the throne were elective, or Poland a czar for all the Russias. And this must continue to be so as long as the sectional fight is continued. Virginia, that for twenty-four consecutive years filled the white house, and then retiring with dignity named the successor, cannot dare to even allow her most gifted sons to look towards this goal. Tennessee can never breed another Jackson or Polk. No Kentuckian will dare nurture the noble aspirations of Clay, and Carolina

or Polk. No Kentuckian will dare nurture the noble aspirations of Clay, and Carolina can never give another Calhoun to the nation. Even the vice-presidency is beyond the dream of even the proudest of our statesmen, and the southerners who for a century have been foremost in the affairs of this government must sit in enforced silence, deprecating meekly where they were wont to denounce, their course

century have been foremost in the affairs of this government must sit in enforced silence, deprecating meekly where they were wont to denounce, their course charted neatly between the provocation of their enemies and the apprehension of their friends. Dwarfed by inexorable restrictions into mere local ambitions, dumb from policy when the very statues in the capitol should cry out thrust to the background by greedy and designing allies, southern statesmen can never win the full stature of their ancestors, nor fill the measure of southern statesmanship, until these enmeshments are swept away and the entangling cords cut away from their limbs.

One of these men said to me, and his name has never get been used in connection with this subject:

"Suppose the south should split on Grant, and the old sectional idea be exploded? Why, in the very next campaign we should see the country divided on governmental questions, such as the currency, the tariffet. On these questions the southern states would immediately regain their importance, because they would become debatable ground. We should see both parties trying to win the southern vote, and we should be in position to demand our rights. On a currency split, why might not Hill become with Hayard a vice-presidential candidate? Why might not Gordon, Stephens, Lamar, Colonit, Vance or Felton be sought as vice-presidential candidates by the tariff or antitariff or greenback or hard money parties? Why might not the cabinet offices be divided in equitable proportion?"

No sectional is sected with the fact that there are really no sectional issues left to fight over, led me to believe that a split in the south was probable and I am firmer than ever in the opinion. The negro question is all settled—the amendments are all fixed facts—excession has been tried and failed, and these are all the issues that are sectional in nature or suggestive. There can no longer any disgrace attach to any southern man who takes either side of the living questions that will divide parties. He need

THE FEDERAL CITY.

As to the candidates and platform.

Of course if Grant were nominated on a proscrigitive and sectional platform he could not get any southern support. The very hopes raised by his candidacy would be shattered by his platform. But Grant will not run on any such platform. He can have no ambition to be the president of a faction again. Those democrats who think of supporting him urge the following reasors for the purpose that is in them:

1. That he is certain to be elected, and the best must be made of the inevitable.

2. That he is strong enough to dictate the platform on which he will run.

3. That, being ambitious of being the president of the whole country, rather than of a party or section, and of pacifying and reunting by bonds of amity and affection the sections he drove together with his sword, he will make this platform a broad, liberal, non-partisan one.

4. That he is strong enough to rise above all rings and cliques, and wise enough to select good men; and,

5. That, being amxious to retrieve the reputation of the former administrations, he will give the country an honest and able government.

If General Grant does these things and AS TO THE CANDIDATES AND PLATFORM.

government.

If General Grant does these things and makes these pledges—and it is hard to see why he will not—he will get a very heavy support from the south, and, in my opinion, will stand a good chance of carrying three or four of the southern states.

TILDEN AND ANTI-TILDEN.

looking gentleman, but he is terribly

in earnest in his effort to raise money to

alleviate the distress in Ireland. His de-scription of the famine is heartrending, and

can but touch the pocket-strings of the

most hardened.

The "professional" juror who has been

hanging around the United States court-

room in Atlanta for a number of years,

providing that no person shall serve as a petit juror in any United States court more

than three weeks during one year. The pay

has been three dollars a day, and has fur-

the Chinese and the Utes, "they must go."

The senate has confirmed the appoint

ment of Benjamin Conley as postmaster a

from the collectorship of St. Mary's, and James Miller, his deputy, appointed to the

Many of your readers will recall Mr.

James G. Zackry, of Covington. For some

energy, sobriety, promptness and ability. He has made a splendid start and bids fair

having business in Washington should re-

member him as he is capable and full of

THE FUNDING QUESTION. Members of the committee on ways and

means give it as their opinion, after the full discussions of the arthur

discussions of the subject, that the probability is a bill providing for the issuing of 3½ per cent bonds will be reported, the bonds to run for fifty years, with the option of the government to redeem them after the expiration of twenty years. From the sentiment developed among the members

sentiment developed among the members of the committee it is assumed that if a re-

ing the bonds which mature after 1881 in

3 per cent bond.

MB. M'LAINE'S INTER-STATE COMMERCE BILL

MR. M'LAINE'S INTER-STATE COMMERCE BILL.

At the last meeting of the house commerce committee, Representative McLane submitted a bill to regulate commerce between the several states, which he offered as a substitute for the Reagan inter-state commerce bill. Mr. McLane's bill provides for a board of five railroad supervisors, consisting of the secretary of the interior, the assistant secretary of the interior, the commissioner and the engineer of railroads, and the assistant aitorney-general for the department of the interior. This board of supervisors are to have power to investigate complaints in regard to transportation charges made by any common carrier for service affecting inter-state commerce, including passengers and freight, and the safety of travel. They are required to report annually to congress on the

ommission similar to that proposed by Mr. Reagan's bill.

Mr. Reagan's bill was also referred to a sub-committee, consisting of himself and two other members, who are to perfect the bill and report it to the full committee this week.

Atlanta. Tom Blodgett has been remove

position.

integrity.

mistakes and have then

nished monthly jobs to a number, but, like

There is another element that must be taken into account in this prospective fight—and that is the Tilden and anti-Tilden feeling. It will surprise any one who investigates, to find the number of democrats who will not vote for Tilden under any circumstances. I find them ber of democrats who will not vote for Tilden under any circumstances. I find them everywhere and in every state. They declare that they will vote for Grant before they will vote for Tilden. I was assured by duty as a journalist to record certain manipulations as I found them. This I have done, writing the facts as I find them and construing them as my judgment directed. I published the views of several life-long democrats, who declared that they would support Grant if he was a candidate. I declared that back of these democrats was I feel are that they will vote for Tilden. I was assured by one of the best journalists in Tennessee that it would be a doubtful issue in that state between Grant and Tilden. Then, on the other hand, the Tilden men are equally strong in their opinions. There are thousands of them who will not vote for Tilden under any circumstances. I find them everywhere and in every state. They declare that they will vote for Grant before they will vote for Tilden. I was assured by one of the best journalists in Tennessee that it would be a doubtful issue in that state between Grant and Tilden. Then, on the other hand, the Tilden men are equally strong in their opinions. There are thousands of them who will not vote for Tilden under any circumstances. I find them the democratic party, will go, must be determined by events. That it will be considerable no one can doubt.

WILL GRANT BE A CANDIDATE? There is no longer any reasons of it.

If Grant had not wished to make the race for the presidency his formal declination would have preceded the action of the Philadelphia convention on yesterday. The real importance of that convention was not that it gave the Pennsylvania delegates to Grant, for no one doubted that he could get them whereaver he received the

The first thing I noticed in my investigations was rought and absolute peace—for an abondoment of the policy which is the weaker of the Jefferson bar, Pope Barrow of Atlanta; the defense by Messra, and after the sections and diberal policy that was no hope of demorate. They contended that the visual policy that was no hope of demorate under the ring policy that was no hope of demorate. They contended that the being spatial and the other terribly mangled. It is supposed he was trying to steal a ride as he had in Pennsylvania, and the other terribly mangled. It is injuries are thought to be fatty. It is supposed he was trying to steal a ride as he had.

CARERSVILE, February 5.—Mr. W. B. Taylor, the train hand who was mashed betterd and and married, and formerly of Anderson, S. C.

CARERSVILE, February 5.—Mr. W. B. Taylor, the train hand who was mashed betterd and and amazement of married, and formerly of Anderson, S. C. It is sister is on the way here now. No blame is attached to Western and Atlantic road, as the cancided was evidently the result of ignorous col-how to couple Georgia railroad sectional population issuing from New York would not be the cancided twas evidently the result of ignorous col-how to couple Georgia railroad sectional population issuing from New York would not be the cancided twas evidently the result of ignorous col-how to couple Georgia railroad sectional population issuing from New York would not be the cancided twas evidently the result of ignorous col-how to couple Georgia railroad sectional population issuing from New York would not be the cancided twas evidently the result of ignorous col-how to couple Georgia railroad the color of the contraint of the cancided twas evidently the result of ignorous col-how to couple Georgia railroad the color of the contraint of the couple of the color of th

in the republican convention.

THE OUTCOME

And these are the thoughts that come to an idler as he sits on the fence, in the sun, an older as he sits on the fence, in the sun, and watches the procession pass. It may be that the sun has blinded the eyes of the man on the rail. It may be that the music has dazed him, or that the prancing horses have confused. And then again it may be that, after he has unwound his legs from the rails, dropped on the wrong side of the fence, and cutting his way across a well-night deserted field. his way across a well-nigh deserted field and deposited his vote for a hopeless candi-date, he may have that malicious consola-tion that sweetens even defeat, and tha finds epitome and expression in the wellknown words:
"I told you so!" H. W. G.

THE STANDING ARMIES.

Austria Increasing Her Forces—A Ger

Austria Increasing Her Forces—A German Advance.

London, February 5.—The Berlin correspondent of the Pall-Mall Gazette says: "Intimations this morning that the German army is to bestill further strengthened by the formation of a number of new Alsace-Lorraine regiments cause no little sensation. It is said General Manteuffel, governor-general of Alsace-Lorraine, supports the plan as one likely to create a feeling of nationality in the annexed province."

The Times has the following from Berlin: The National Zeitung's Vienna letter asserts that Austria has firmly resolved to increase the defenses of that empire. The military authorities consider it advisable that Buda and Pesth be fortified. The necessity for the immediate construction of new fortifications is unanimously recognized. The Times' Berlin dispatch says it can't be denied that a conservative majority no The Times' Berlin dispatch says it can't be devied that a conservative majority no longer exists. The government will soon have to rely upon the support of the national liberals, which fact will certainly have some influence on the development of the church question.

To Pensacola.

safety of travel. They are required to report annually to congress on the first day of December, with such statements and suggestions regarding remedial legislation as they may think proper, after having investigated all complaints that have been referred to them. After listening to Mr. McLane's explanation of the purpose and scope of his bill, the committee appointed a sub-committee, consisting of Representatives McLane, Ross and Henderson, to draft and report to the full committee, on Friday next, a substitute for the Reagan inter-state commerce bill, which shall provide for the creation of a railroad commission similar to that proposed by Pensacola.

Pensacola, February 5.—A general feeling of satisfaction pervades the business circles at the extension of the Louisville and Nashville railroad system to tide water at Pensacola by the purchase of the Pensacola railroad.

Pensacola, Fla., February 5.—The following dispatch was sent to the president of the Louisville and Nashville railroad today: "Pensacola, the deep water harbor of the gulf, sends cordial greeting and congratulates your company on making Pensacola the seaport for the west." Signed, George H. O'Neal, mayor. The news is being received with rounds of artillery. sub-committee, consisting of himself and two other members, who are to perfect the bill and report it to the full committee this week.

A bill to repeal the duty on white paper to be used in printing newspapers has been introduced in the house and referred to the committee on ways and means. The passage of this bill will, it is claimed, be of great benefit to newspapers just at this time, when paper has been run up to such an exhorbitant figure. The paper mills of Canada can enter into competition with domestic mills. No doubt the latter will make a strong opposition to the bill.

The senate committee on post-offices and post-roads have referred the house bill making all highways post-routes, to the sub committee composed of Senators Bailey. Pryor and Ferry.

The house military committee agreed today to report favorably on Upson's bill appropriating \$14,000 for the purchase of land to enlarge and protect the United Staves at San Antonia, Texas.

General Beauregard will to-morrow give his views on the lottery mail question before the house post-office and post roads committee.

The house militia committee to-day agreed to report favorably the bill authorizing the secretary of war to loan six guns and equipments to the Cherokee artillery company, of Rome, Georgia, taking bond for their safe custody and return to the government when required.

The house public lands committee to-day agreed to report the bill establishing the titles at Hot Springs, Arkansas.

The secretary of war transmitted to the senate to-day the ab-tract of the militia force of the different states consists of 8,863 commissioned officers and 117,037 non-commissioned officers and privates, and the unorganized force or number of men available for military duty in head of the serguments of the surguments of the surgum

An Unpleasant Report in Washingto As Unpleasant Report in Washington-Washington, February 3.—One of the afternoon newspapers prints a story which, without giving the names, implicates a southern senator in the ruin of one of the young women clerks in the treasury depart-ment. The report, briefly, is that a woman employed in the department has been dis-covered in enticing certain of her associates to houses of ill-fame. The young woman in question was one of these. She is al-leged to have made a full confession to a relative or friend, and legal proceedings are proposed.

New York, February 5—A Kansas City, Missouri, special says a petition signed by fifty thousand persons in Texas, Arkansas, Kansas and Missouri has been forwarded to Washington urging the passage of a bill creating a territory of Oklahoma. Silver has been discovered in the Indian territory, and the increasing excitement along the border indicates that unless the bill passes a formidable raid will be made into the territory by spring. erritory by spring.

New Obleans, February 5.—Rev. J. N. Galleher was to-day consecrated as the bishop of Louistana at Trinity church. The imposing ceremony was conducted by Bishops Greer, of Miscissippi, Dudley, of Kentucky, Wilmer, of Alabama, and Robertson, of Missouri, and assisted by Drs. Girault, Percival, Thompson and Waters. A large congregation and many of the clergy were present.

PHILADELPHIA, February 5.—Adolph E. Borie, ex-secretary of the navy, died this morning. He died at his residence here at half past 3 o'clock, in the 71st year of his age. He had been in ill health for a long time, and his demise is attributed by his physician to the general breaking down of

NO. 196.

KNOWN AS THE ROYAL SPEECH.

BRITISH BLAB.

A Chapter Relating to the Murdered Zulus, the Hounded Afghans and the Faminhing Irish-Pity for the Slave but Lit-tle for the Hungry.

LONDON, February 5.-The weather is fine. The procession preliminary to the opening of parliament took place in accordance with new rules, which will set at rest the disputed question of the jurisdiction of the appropriations committee.

The house committee on education and labor discussed again to-day the subject of distribution of the fund arising from the unclaimed bounty and pay of colored soldiers. Upon the receipts of a communication from the second auditor of the treasury stating that the fund is being constantly drawn upon by claimants or their heirs, and it that in all probability only a small surplus will remain, the committee postponed for the present further action in the matter.

Under instructions of the executive committee of the national board of health, Dr. T. J. Turner, secretary of the board, will leave Washington to-night for Ship island in the gulf of Mexico, to superintend the location and construction of a permanent quarantine establishment at that point, to be used for the inspection and disinfecting of vessels bound to ports east of Mobile. the programme already announced. The queen arrived at the house of lords at ten Upon receiving the copy of the speech from jesty handed it back to him, and as usual Lord Cairns read the speech. The cere-

mony lasted fifteen minutes.

The following is the queen's sp The following is the queen's speech:

My Lords and Gentlemen—It is with much satis
faction that I again resort to the advice and as
distance of my parliament. My relst ons with
all the powers continue friendly. The course of
events since the prorogation of parliament hat
tended to furnish additional security
to the maintenance of our open peace on the
principles laid down by the treaty of Berlin.
Much, however, still remains to be done to remove the disorder with which the late war has
affected many parts of the Turkish empire. A
convention for the suppression of the slave trade
has been concluded between my government and
that of his imperial majesty, the sultan.

At the close of your last session I expressed the
hope that the treaty of Gundamuk had happily
terminated the war in Afghanistan. In conformity with its provisions my envoy, with his reti-

of vessels bound to ports east of Mobile.

In Congress.

THE SENATE.

A motion by Mr. Davis (West Virginia) that when the senate adjourned to-day, it be to meet Monday next was opposed by Messrs. Hoar and Paddock and advocated by Mr. Allison and others, the former urgining the backward state of business before the senate and the latter claiming that the business can be better facilitated by work to estate and the latter claiming that the business can be better facilitated by work in committees, than in the senate at this stage of the session. The motion was defeated, yeas 17, nays 32.

Mr. Beck gave notice that he would object to any bill being taken up out of its regular order on the calendar.

After some discussion the senate adopted the resolution submitted yesterday by Mr. Anthony, that the senate abouted the resolution submitted yesterday by Mr. Anthony, that the senate abouted the resolution submitted yesterday by Mr. Anthony, that the senate shall each day in indicate the calendar. The first bill on the calendar was a bill to prohibit military interference at elections.

Mr. Allison—I object to that, [Laugh
Mr. Beck gave notice that he would object to any bill being taken up out of its regular order on the calendar. The first bill on the calendar was a bill to prohibit military interference at elections.

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Mr. Heach was a hold the war in Afghanistan. In conformity, while attentions were ratcable were law was hondered to make session the exercise of their duty, he and those connective with the emear at Cabul. While entertained by overwhelming numbers at Cabul the exercise of their duty, he and those connective with the exercise of their duty, h

erference at elections.

Mr. Allison—I object to that. [Laughing up of the military organization on which his dynasty was based have relieved my possessions in that part of the world from danger, which seriously impeded their advancement and consideration.

In the Basutoland, a native outbreak of considerable importance has been effectually quelled by my colonial forces, while Transval has been freed from the depredations of the power of the country. And persisted the former government of the country. had persisted the former government of the country had persisted the country had persisted the country had persisted the country had persisted the establishment of a union or confederation. I have reason to hope that the time is now approaching the establishment of a union or confederation. I and in, which the powers of self-government already enjoyed by the inhabitants of Cape Colony may be extended to my subjects in other parts of south Africa. Papers on these and other matters will be forthwith laid before you.

Gentlemen of the house of commons: I have directed estimates of this year to be prepared and laid before you without delay.

My Lords and Gentlemen: The commission, which at the close of the session I informed you I had issued, to inquire into the causes of the agricultural depression throughout the united kingdom, is pursuing its labors. In the meantime the serious deficiency in the usual crops in some parts of Ireland has rendered necessary special precautions on the part of my government to guard against the calamities with which these district were threatened. With this view they have called on the authorities charged with the duty of administering relief, to make ample preparations for the distribution of food and fuel, should such steps be ome necessary. And they have also stimulated employment of labor by advances on terms more liberal than those prescribed by the existing law. I feel assured that you will give your sanction to the country of the power consideration and I trust God will attend and direct your labors.

I trust you will be able to resume the

Mr. Allison—I object to that. [Laughter.]
Mr. Blaine—Why object to that? There can be no objections to that. [Laughter.]
The bill was laid aside.
A number of other bills were objected to or referred to committees.
A mong the bills taken from the calendar in regular order was one reported from the committee on military affairs in December to donate a quantity of granite to aid in the completion of the soldiers! and sailors' monument at Chalmette national cemetery, Louisiana. On the objection of Mr. Teller (Colorado) it was laid aside.
The bill to amend the census act of 1879 was then taken up. On motion of Mr. Pendleton a substitute reported by the census committee was considered in its stead and passed.

Mr. Harris by request introduced a bill

time he held an important position in the interior department, thus acquiring a thorough knowledge of the patent and pension laws. He was recently admitted to practice law, and brings to the practice to build up a fine practice. Georgians

sus committee was considered and passed.

Mr. Harris, by request, introduced a bill for the erection of a public building at Oxford, Miss. Referred.

At 1:40 the senate went into executive session, and when the doors were reopened adjourned till Monday.

The house nessed the senate bill for the

The house passed the senate bill for the conversion of national gold banks.

The following bills were introduced by Mr. O'Conor, of South Carolina, and referred: Making silver certificates receivable at the United States treasury in redemption of circulating notes of issue of national of circulating notes. THE CENSUS.

The senate committee on census has decided to report an amendment to the provisions of the bills introduced in the house by Mr. Herbert and in the senate by Mr. Herbert and in the senate by Mr. Herris. The object of the amendment is to provide against fraud or errors in the returns of the enumerators. As the law stands, there is nothing but the integrity and correctness of the enumerator to guarantee a faithful return for his precinct. It is therefore thought advisable that the enumerator file in the office of the county clerk a copy of his report before he sends it to the supervisor, thus enabling any one to point out mistakes and have them corrected. at the United States treasury in redemption of circulating notes of issue of national banks; requiring the secretary of the treasury to pay the current interest on all registered bonds without respect to date of assignment or transfer.

The house then resumed the consideration of the bill regulating the removal of causes from state to federal court. The morning hour however expired with

The morning hour however expired without action on the bill.

Mr. Dunn (Arkansas), from the committee on public lands, reported a bill for the establishment of titles in Hot Springs. Printed and recommitted.

The senate amendments to the house bill

for the erection of a public building at

Danville, Va., were concurred in.

Mr. Ryan (Kansas), presented a petition
in favor of granting railroads a right of way
through the India territory. Referred Mr. Shaw, home-rule member for *Cork, will, on behalf of the Irish members, move an amendment to the address in reply to the queen's speech at the earliest moment possible, condemning the government's failure to take efficient measures to relieve the distress in Ireland, and will call upon them to do so in the house of commons today.

Sir Stafford Northcote gave notice that he would move to morrow the adoption of a bill sanctioning the measures of relief for Ireland already taken and for further relief.

Alexander M. Sullivan, home-rule member for Louth, gave notice that he would to morrow move for leave to introduce a bill for the better protection of life and property in Ireland by suspending the serving of writs of ejectment for the non-payment of rent.

William Shaw's amendment to the address in reply the queen's speech, after through the Indian territory. Reserved.

The house then resumed the debate on the revision of the rules.

Mr. Cabell (Virginia) offered an amendment to the 16th clause of rule 11 providing that the committee on railways and canals should have jurisdiction over the improvement of rivers.

sentiment developed among the hemoers of the committee it is assumed that if a report is made in favor of a 3½ per cent bond it will be provided that a sufficient number only shall be issued to fund the bonds which mature in 1880/81. It was stated in the meeting of the committee that there was reason for strong hope that the surplus revenue of this year would be from fifty to sixty million dollars, that the surplus next year would be even greater, that this surplus could be devoted to paying off in part the bonds to mature in that time, and the rest could be funded in the 3½ per cents. As 4½ per cents are 108, and 4 per cents 105, the members of the committee favoring the 3½ per cent bonds express entire confidence that such a loan can now be floared at par without the least difficulty. They say, further, that if the present prosperous times continue, which is not doubted, there will be no difficulty in funding the bonds which mature after 1881 in a that the committee on railways and canals should have jurisdiction over the improvement of rivers.

Mr. Frost (Missouri) moved to exclude the Mississippi and its tributaries.

A debate ensued between Messrs Frost and Cox (New York) upon the charge made by the former, that the latter and other eastern representatives were providing appropriations for the improvement of eastern rivers, but were parsimonious where western rivers were concerned. Mr. Cox denied that New York hadever been niggardly in its treatment of the Mississippi valley; he had yoted for the levee system and for Ead's jetties. After some further discussion between Mr. Cox and White, of Pennsylvania, Mr. Frost withdrew his motion, and Mr. Cabell's amendment was lost.

Mr. Shallenberger (Pennsylvania) offered an amendment to the 19th clause of rule 11, giving the committee on public buildings and grounds jurisdiction over appropriations for public building. After long debate the amendment was adopted by 100 to 81.

Mr. Chalmers (Mississippi) offered an amendment to the 21st section giving the committee on improvement of the Mississippi river jurisdiction over the appropriations for that river and its tributaries. After considerable debate the committee rose without action and the house adjourned.

The senate to-day rejected by a vote of 42 to 10 the nomination of J. M. Morton as collector of internal revenue for the

William Shaw's amendment to the address in reply the queen's speech, after censuring the government for its neglect of the Irish distress, concludes as follows: "It is essential for the peace and prosperity of Ireland, to legislate immediately and comprehensibly on questions relative to landtenure, the neglect of which duty is the true cause of the constantly recurring distress in that part of the country."

In the house of commons to-day Mr. O'Donnell, home rule member from Dungarner, gave notice that he would move an amendment to the address in reply to the queen's speech calling attention to the sysamendment to the address in reply to the queen's speech calling attention to the systematic neglect of the Irish sufferers, and also to the gross misrepresentation of the acts of the Irish members of parliament by the government and their agents.

42 to 10 the nomination of J. M. Morton as collector of internal revenue for the first district of California. A TERRIBLE REPORT

special dispatch to The Constitution.

The Right Hon. John Robert Mowbray, conservative member for Oxford university, moved an address in answer to the speech from the throne. Mr. Corry, in seconding the motion, stated that the distress in Ireland was not as general as represented. He contended that any interference with the land question should be conducted with all due safeguards. The marquis of Hartington, speaking of the Austro-German alliance, said he thought it would be well for England to look to her own security. He criticized the annexation of Arismaistan is now in a worse condition than before and asked for explanations regarding military executions in Cabul. He hoped that the government would at the earliest moment state what steps had been taken to relieve the distress in Ireland, and contended that the government had prolonged the opportunity for obstruction by unnecessarily continuing the existence of parliament. Sir Stafford Northcote, chancellor of the exchequer, replied to the last speaker. He regretted that the marquis of Hartington had not given any explanation touching the attitude of liberals in regard to the home rule question, and said that there was nothing in the state of the country rendering dissolution necessary. The opposition must bear its share of the blame attached to the tolerations of the obstructions, as they had not supported the endeavors of the government to terminate the obstruction. The Austro-German alliance, he said, gave great pleasure to the government, as it is likely to be conducive to the peace of the world. Her majesty's government, as it is likely to be conducive to the peace of the world. Her majesty's government, as it is likely to be conducive to the peace of the world. Her majesty's government and nowish for the annexation of Afghanistan. The government, he claimed, had not been remiss in taking what steps in Ireland they thought necessary upon information received, and he added that the government would ask for a bill of indemnity for loans granted if the ob Showing the Barbarity of the Ker tucky Penitentiary.

LOUISVILLE, February 5.—The legislative committee, appointed to investigate the management of the Kentucky state prison, has made its report. The committee finds, among other things, that during the year 1879, out of 1,000 prisoners, 775 were under medical treatment for scurvy, produced by bad and insufficient food. Of this number, 13 died of that disease. The death list in that year ran up to 79 as against 34 in 1877, and 31 in 1878, when the prison was equally over crowded. Besides these, a considerable number died after being pardoned by the governor and leaving the prison. The committee also find that the practice of flogging the prisoners is carried to a cruel extent; that the beds and bedding are insufficient and in bad condition; that the ventilation and sewerage are defective and finally that such confinement is "an outrage on humanity." They recommend the immediate removal of the present keeper of the prison.

Breckway's Crimes. nanagement of the Kentucky state prison,

Brockway's Crimes.

New York. February 5.--A number of prominent bankers of this city yesterday addressed a letter to United States District Attorney Phillips urging him to make every effort to expose and punish Charles Brockway, now indicted and under arrest for forgery, and to bring to justice certain parties who are said to be acting in his interest. Brockway's forgeries are the subject of much anxiety among bankers here, and it is believed they will aggregate an immense sum, a few bankers deciaring it will exceed a million dollars. It is stated that there is hardly a bank of any importance in the city but what has suffered more or less from the bold operations carried on by this gang, of which Brockway is the leader.

Bleeding Kansas Has Enough. Brockway's Crimes.

Bleeding Kansas Has Enough. Bleeding Kansas Has Enough.

CINCINNATI, February 5.—A special from Topeka, Kansas, says the officers of the Kansas freedmen's relief association have been instructed by the directors of the association to devise and put in operation, some practicable method of averting the constantly increasing immigration of colored people to Kansas. An effort will be made to turn the tide to other states, where there is more need of laborers, and where the people are better able to care for such, as they are in destitute circumstances. The relief association has found it impossible to maintain the hundreds of emigrants who have lately arrived.

NEWS AT THE CAPITOL

NEW YORK, January 5.—A dispatch state: that the college of the propaganda will give 7,000 lires to the relief of the Irish distress. At a meeting of the Dublin mansion house committee, yesterday, Lord Mayor Gray stated that at the rate they had been expending it, the funds on hand would not last more than four weeks.

NEW ORLEANS, February 5.—The Democrat, commenting on the New York Herald's Irish relief fund, says: "As Americans we feel just pride in the magnificent action of the great journal; let us all so far as we may be able smulate the superb magnificence of the Herald. The Democrat has opened a subscription to the Herald's fund with a handsome contribution and announces that

The Irish Famine,

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

any inkling of it and the first information the Savannah people had of this vital action came from The Constitution. The During the coming year—a year that will witness the progress and culmination of the most interesting political contest that has ever taken place in this country—every citizen and every thoughtful person will be compelled to rely upon the newspapers for information. Why not get the best? Abroad The Constitution. Why not get the best? Abroad The Constitution. Why not get the best? Abroad The Constitution. Why not get the best? Abroad The Constitution is column are consulted for the latest news, the freshest comment, and for all matters of special and current interest. The Constitution contains more and later telegraphic news than any other Georgia paper, and this particular feature will be largely added to during the coming year. All its facilities for gathering the latest news from all parts of the country will be enlarged and supplemented. The Constitution is both chronical and current interest. Its adjusted and supplemented. The Constitution is both chronical content to the country will be enlarged and supplemented. The Constitution is both chronical content to the country will be enlarged and supplemented. The Constitution is both chronical content to the country will be enlarged and supplemented. The Constitution is both chronical content to the country will be enlarged and supplemented. The Constitution is both chronical content to the country will be enlarged and supplemented. The Constitution is both chronical content to the country will be enlarged and supplemented. The Constitution is both chronical content to the country will be enlarged and supplemented. The Constitution is both chronical content to the country will be enlarged and supplemented. The Constitution is content to the country will be enlarged and supplemented. The Constitution is content to the country will be enlarged and supplemented. The Constitution of the News called upon two inclusions of the News called upon the c All its facilities for gathering the latest news non-all parts of the country will be enlarged and sup-for the purpose ciously fa se." ple neuted. THE CONSTITUTION is both chronicler and commentator. Its editorial opinions, its contributions to the drift of current discussion, its humorous and satirical paragraphs, are copied from one end of the country to the other. It aims always to be the brightest and the best—newsy, original and piquant. It aims particularly to give the news impartially and fully, and to keep its readers informed of the drift of current discussion by liberal but concise quotations from all its contemporaries. It aims, in short, to more than ever deserve to be known as "the leading southern newspaper." Bill Arp will continue to contribute his unique letters, which grow in savory humor week by week. "Old Si" will add his quaint fun to the collection of good things, and mor week by week. "Old S!" will add his the dispatch for speculative dint fun to the collection of good things, and an discourteous hanguage and leaves, has in preparation a series of ne-"Uncle Remus" has in preparation a series of ne-gro myth legends, illustrating the folk-lore of the

THE WEEKLY CONSTITUTION is a carfully edited

THE SOUTHERN CULTIVATOR. This, the best, the most reliable and most pop nern agricultural journals is issu

ATLANTA, GA., FEBRUARY 6, 1880.

THE adverse report of the senate harsh and discourteous words." finance committee on the Warner silver

duties of the presidency without any frankness to the "News." special preparation. He selected heads of departments as he himself had been merchant of Philadelphia, who died yes- vention will be selected with reference to terday, was placed in charge of the coun- the candidature of three men-Grant, try's naval affairs. He did not remain Blaine and Sherman. Some dark horse in office long-his health being feeble- may capture some small delegation, but

son came into power. Austria is the next power to increase her forces and strengthen her fortificaclearly point to a great and desperate war. Germany and Austria are now acting under an understanding that includes both offensive and defensive movements, and it is probable that they are getting ready to thwart Russia's plans in the east and to face France when she demands revenge. Russia and Austria covet alike what is left of Turkey, and Germany and France have a quarrel that must be fought out.

THE Sparta Ishmaelite applauds the effort of THE CONSTITUTION to build up the state-its devotion to the practical interests of the state. The Hartwell Sun endorses the words of the Ishmael ite, adding, "But didn't the proprietors of the Clement attachment have to pay a little something for that handsome cut? We think they ought." All this in the kindest spirit. Now, we have no disposition to blow our own horn in this matter, but cles on the Clement attachment. The owners of the patent did not furnish or pay for the cut; it was ordered and paid for by THE CONSTITUTION. And what is more. THE CONSTITUTION expects to boom hereafter whatever it thinks will benefit the

Conkling's Plans in New York. It has been discovered that Conkling proposes to carry New York for Grant and himself by a modification of the Carolina. The republican state committee has called the convention to be held not face the music in case of a disputed at Utica on the 25th of this month, and electoral count—in other words, that he the members of that committee have expressed themselves as in favor of "who-'ever Roscoe Conkling wants." Naturally enough this pregnant fact has attracted the attention of the Evening Post, a thoroughly clean republican paper, and the result is an indignant protest. The editor goes so far as to say that nothing could be more offensive to independent and seli-respectful citizens than this effort on the part of the machine to substitute the will of Mr. Conkling for the popular will in the state. The Post never days, but still it is reasonably plain that ington. But both were represented by a we have made allusion is exceedingly June if they so desire.

But to what end? We presume Mr. Curtis, of Harper's Weekly, will protest in much the same view, displaying his indignation as prettily as it is possible to do under the circumstances; whereas the Times, the leading republiand the analy as a matter of course, if it does not fall heartily in with the plan.

And yet this is simply a Laby State withdrawal of Grant, a bold dash by And yet this is simply a John Sherman Blaine for the place, and the bringing make themselves prominent by opposing by any means give Grant a walk-over. When it comes to nominating Blaine and Sherman, and the dark horses candidates, respectable republicans must will remain in the race, at least until give way to the machine, and they have

Grant has got in hand and prospectively a knack of giving way in New York, es- a clear majority of the convention. pecially when the movement is in favor of the chivalrous defender of Professor Linck. Sherman, however, will make a called, and will not be until the twentystrong fight, and to that end he has for-tified himself thoroughly in the New York custom house, and decent republicans, like the editor of the Even Post, may consider themselves between the devil and the deep sea.

The "News" and the News.

We respectfully submit that THE CON-

STITUTION has had harsh treatment from the "News." We published an item of news, adding distinctly that we had vericompendium of the news of the week and con-tains the best and freshest matter to be found in fied it by personal investigation, and any other weekly from a daily office. Its news that no doubt remained of its truth. Upon this the "News" denied positively that our statement was true, on what it now confesses was mere 'surmise" and "presumption." It turns out that our news was true to the very letter, and that the "News" has not only misled its readers, but discredited THE Constitution without the slightest justize; or else the whole business is is now proved to have been purely "sur- Journal, in a moment of ecstatic hilarity. mise," and without foundation, it indirectly charged that our informant, who all the northern travel to Florida was to is as honorable a gentleman as there is in be taken by the ears and hauled around Georgia, had stated an untruth, for the through the swamps and ruins to Pensathis insinuation was much more "un- carrying western freights to Mobile and called for" than what the News calls "our Pensacola. The truth is, Colonel Cole's

We cannot let this occasion, pass withbill effectually kills it, but that fact indiout commenting upon the readiness with Georgia. Colonel Cole devised the cates only this-both houses and both which journalists, especially those who parties want no new legislation on the are outdone in enterprise, and who are and the Louisville road jumped in and currency question. The Bayard resolu- beaten in the matter of news-gathering, tion is as dead in the senate as the War- go to work to discredit their contemporaner bill. It will not probably be pressed ries. THE CONSTITUTION exhausts all leto a vote, but if it were, it would be gitimate inquiry in the effort to get its news in correct shape, and to print the THE death of Adolph E. Borie, who truth. Whenever it fails, it fails honestly was one of Grant's secretaries of the and it may be sure that it will never lend navy, recalls the curious methods of the its columns to any "stock-jobbing" enterman who was suddenly thrust into the prise. This much we say in perfect

The Presidential Race. It is already plain, very plain in fact, selected, and in this way the retired that the delegates to the Chicago conand when he resigned the robust Robe- any such delegation will after all be but not so quietly as to conceal the fact carefully made up by the friends of one of the three leading candidates. It is therefore worth while to inquire how the Mr. Wadley is as much the master of the

structed delegation from Ohio as a nu-

to him, although his native state the two other aspirants. Besides Ohio, the delegations of Connecticut and Massachusetts, and he doubtless expects his treasury agents to gather in the votes of from two to four southern states Conceling all that his most sunguine friends claim for him, his nomination is, to say the least, exceedingly improbable. He would not in fact be considered in the race were it not that the vote of Ohio may still decide the contest. The money the office-holder the influence of

the administration, and all the so-called

glory of resumption cannot give Sherman even a reasonable chance in the race. Blaine, on the other hand, has hopes. we do desire to say that THE CONSTITU- he will have a half dozen delegations pledged to him, including the better part of New England, and most of the trans-Mississippi portion of the west, with Michigan of the central west, and possibly one or two southern delegations hrown in. His personal magnetism and popularity are very great, but he has weak points as a presidential candidate—those Mulligan letters, his position on the Chinese question, the enmity between him and Conkling, and the charges of has commanded thirty-five cotillions thi methods employed by Sherman in North There is a belief, too, in the republican bribery in the late contest in Maine.

> would not seize the white house in case he was not elected. They think Grant would. Hence his Pennsylvania; Conkling will, on the 24th ing in a dry goods store. of this month, follow suit with the heavy vote of New York, and the south is relied on to furnish enough more to nominate him, leaving other northern delegations as so much surplus strength. The enthusiasm for Grant within the party

his friends can effect his nomination in It may be, however, that the combine strength of all other candidates will exceed Grant's. It may be that Sherman will secure more southern delegations than is now thought probable, and that Blaine's friends will show up nod. That it will be successful there forward of the dark horses—of Washneed be no doubt. The Post is read by burne, Foster, Garfield, Conkling and refined people who, while they have a others. The vote of Pennsylvania does scorn for such methods, would scorn to not, and the vote of New York will not,

> called, and will not be until the twenty- advice to southern republican delegates. second of this month. If the district This advice should be printed on a postal system of choosing electors is adopted in card, and mailed to the federal office-hold-New York, the nominee will assuredly be ers, care John Sherman. a western man; if not, an eastern man. Until this important point is settled spec- shots in the world. No wonder the law apulation as to the course of events after pears to be especially outraged when they the conventions are held is altogether fight a duel.

first importance. The News latted to get aloo, but, any inkling of it and the first information "if the democrats can't beat Grant they the Savannah people had of this vital accurate the Atlanta tion came from The Constitution. The president and the antipathies of the

been sacrificed to the Louisville and Nashrille monopoly. This gentleman says, oreover, that Dr. Standiford and his coadjutors "having several gulf outlets,

and entire control of the coast from Pensacola to New Orleans, and moreover, having expended large sums to secure this royalty, they would, as soon as the opportunity was afforded, proceed to turn back the cotton tidal wave seeking the Atlantic from Macon, Atlanta and every other station on the Central, via Chattanooga to New Or. leans, Mobile, Pensacola or wherever "the steamship lines about to be established might be ordered to receive their

'fleecy cargoes." All this is no doubt true, but it must be obvious to any one who will reflect a ittle over the matter that as points of embarkation for outgoing western freights Mobile and Pensacola are not worth a moment's consideration, and we cannot but believe that these wise railroad men have been using this fag-end of the situation as a sort of Chinese blind puzfication in fact. The "News" went even a wild newspaper theory, built further. Upon a flimsy "surmise," that up probably by the esteemed Courier-

purpose of swindling the public. We recola. This seems ridiculous enough, but spectfully submit to the "News" that it is no more ridiculous than the talk of road and the Louisville road have been attempting to reach an Atlantic port in scheme, and perfected all arrangements bought out his friends, thinking they were buying the line to the sea. They were certain, at any rate, of controlling the Western and Atlantic road, else they would never paid a price which, as matters have turned out, appears altogether preposterous. It was a sharp transaction all around, but Stevenson appears to

have had on his trading garments. The

Louisville people are four million dollars

out of pocket, and they are no nearer a

solution of the problem than before. The Central railroad was too inde pendent a concern to be hanging around upon a contingency, and the officers quietly revoked the contract entered into with Governor Brown and Colonel Cole, from the little bird that warbles in THE three stand to-day. We begin with situation as he ever was, and we should not surprised to hear that he had opened his batteries on the Louisville and Nashcleus, and this is generally conceded ville people in competition for the trans-Mississippi business. Certainly he will not is full of men who prefer one of allow himself to be pushed to the wall, and he is familiar with the battle-grounds Sherman expects to secure portions of around Montgomery and farther west. When the war does open it will be a lively one, and it will open whenever Dr. Standiford trespasses upon Mr. Wadley's

preserves. We may get the through line to the west over the Cincinnati Southern, but in the meantime all this talk about the advantages of the gulf ports is idler than the winds. The importation of a few seasick oranges, lemons and bananas will go on as it has always power of New York, the activity of gone on, and that is about all. The problem to be solved by railroad managers is the cheap transportation of the produce of the west to a South Atlantic port, and thence by water to any market of the world; and when that problem is He has just lost Pennsylvania, but solved the port will be a Georgia port. And Georgia and her ports, and Atlant 1, will continue to grow and thrive until the problem is solved and then the whole state will become the scene of a vast business boom. We have got-what the esteemed Courier-Journal calls the geo-

graphical position, and we will have it in spite of railroad maps. Meanwhile we wish everybody well. COLONEL DELANCY KANE, the well-known hostler and leader of metropolitan society, season. Whether he "called," or fiddled, or danced, is not stated. We would much prefer to hear that this great man was tool-

ing his tally-ho. A woman is a thing of beauty and also awy forever. A Texas stage robber has been sentenced

to the penitentiary for ninety-nine years. strength. Cameron has just given him He has begun his term of service by clerk-

Some of the republicans in the house are of such a partisan turn of mind that they answer "nay" when the democratic clerk calls the roll.

WHEN there seemed to be signs of a figh in Maine, Eugene Hale went to Dehas sensibly declined within the last ten troit, and Blaine was heard from in Washfresh relay of substitutes.

We printed the other day from the Atlantic Monthly a piece of doggerel called "Miles Keogh's Horse." We hasten to say that it is not often this sort of stuff gets into the Atlantic. It was probably inserted by some one in the absence of the Muntz shaved until he was forty, when his bother returned from Garmany with a first the manufacture of postage stamps. Mr. editor. It must have been accompanied by whereas the Times, the leading republistrong in Indiana and Illinois, in New Singer of Michigan is a born poet compared with the author of the villatious piece of with the author of the villatious piece of

A KENTUCKY man was drowned while at tempting to save a book agent recently This is unfortunate. He should have been

It is not known whether the widow Oliver was for Grant or Blaine in the Pennsyl-GENERAL SHERMAN thinks he is a bigge

man than Boynton. He omits to remember that Boynton is an American citizen with all that the term implies. THE Chicago Tribune is already giving

Ir does seem that editors are the poorest

Some days ago we printed a dispatch giving the details of a meeting of the Central railroad directors in Savannah. This meeting rescinded the action of the road in the lease matter, and was of the very is the more probable republican nominist the real question.

The St. Louis Republican announces for Seymour and Hendricks. This is a very good ticket, but, really now, would it be and acceptable to all democrats. Grant is the real question.

nost unanimous ass of them all. set up the drinks to the supreme court judges before he attempted to bribe the

democrats. He subsequently discovered that the judges were very intolerant of their own opinions when the proper argument was applied. Another republican paper ups and calls

Bill Chandler a tramp. Really, at this rate there will be neither hominy nor harmony in the republican party.

IN GENERAL.

-A girl may smile and smile and be un-willing still. -After all, King Cetewayo's right name -The half dime of 1802 is deemed a bar-

-Booms rise and fall so rapidly that the political prophet is tempted to swear off for a month or so. -There has been no issue of silver five

cent and copper two cent pieces since 1872. —Those two celebrated beauties—Mrs. Langtry and Colonel Nick Smith—are not getting as much free advertising as they did

s few years ago. -Miss Jennie Flood, to whom Ulysses S Grant, jr., is engaged, has been presented with two millions and a half by her father. His friends now speak of her as his finance. -Pittsburg Telegraph.

—Mr. Watterson's temper is as ugly as that of the "freckled whelp" of Sycorax. He is never amiable except when he is holding on to the table cloth to keep from fall ing out of his chair.—New York Star. -When the average boom is ten days old it shows crow-feet in the corners of its eyes; at twenty days, it limps; at thirty, it pos-sesses a shepherd's crook in its back, and at

forty goes to grass.—Chicago Journal.

—The production of Bassemer steel rails in this country since 1867, when they were first made, has increased to a marvellous extent. In 1867 it amounted to only 2,555 ons, in 1872 to 34,000 tons, and last year to

—Spanish mantillas can be put on in even different ways, says a French paper. It might have added that any one of the seven, when tried by any but Iberian fin-gers, will produce results that would make the gravest hidalgos laugh.

The beautiful snow falls on the earth
Soft as the lover's talk;
It gets faside your rubbers sometimes,
Sometimes it gets down your neck!
[Sweet Singer of Michigan. -Mr. Larkin J. Mead, the sculptor, i

married to a beautiful Italian lady, with whom he could not at first acquaintance talk, neither knowing the other's language. They have a charming home in Florence Mr. Mead is one of the kindest men and most generous of artists, always sympathetic and helpful to younger artists. The latest would-be regicide in Spain had been employed in the shop of a Madrid confectioner until a few weeks before he attempted assassination. He was tired of ttempted assassination. He was tired of ife and had threatened to commit suicide. but a tavern-keeper and a small pastry cook, to whom he had communicated the threat, advised him, if he intended to leave the world, to depart famously by killing

-His hat sailed high in air, it did, The hat which pleased his vanity; Such things we see when winter winds Do persecute humanity— And she, poor girl, embraced a post

Are blowing fast and furious.

—The family Bible Washington used at Mount Vernon is now owned by the old Christ church at Alexandria, Va., where his pew still remains, and where he occasionally read the service to the congregation as vestryman. The church has speat \$10,000 in repairs during the past five years, but has a debt of \$1,000 which it is trying to wipe out by an appeal for contributions. to wipe out by an appeal for contributions, and one way proposed to lift part of the burden is to sell Washington's Bible to the Mount Vernon association, which is anx-

McCulloch, now in New York, rides out in a pony phaeton with a queer-looking wooden case beside her, which contains a fancy inlaid banjo. Miss McCulloch is fancy inlaid banjo. Miss McCulloch is called the best banjo player outside of the called the best banjo player outside of the profession, and it is she who has set the fashion which now keeps half the "sweet-sixteens" in New York city a-strumming out of their school hours. Miss Doremus, daughter of Professor Doremus, the analytical chemist, is the next best banjoist in New York.

-The original plan of making a tunnel under the Hudson river, twenty feet wide by twenty-four feet high, has been aban-doned. The work has now been begun on two separate tunnels, each lifteen feet in diameter. Both tunnels will be encased with iron and finished inside with brick. We respectfully draw the attention of the builders of the Amherstburg tunnel to this all trace of them, and it would be rather disappointing if, when they come out, they would find their single tunnel was of little practical use.

-The celebrated pigeon roost in Scott —The celebrated pigeon roost in Scott county, Ind., is now, as it has been for seventy-five years, the roost of millions of pigeons. They fly away in the morning to their feeding grounds, many of them going to such a distance that they do not return until midnight. The timber-on thousands of acres covered by this roost is broken down badly, large limbs being snapped off like reeds by the accumulated weight of the birds. Thousands are killed nightly, but the slaughter seems to make no diminution in the vast flocks that congregate there.

-The pallid snow was drifted deep
When N-llie came prepared to leap.
She let her plump dimensions drap
Into her sweetheart's maiden 14p,
And sighing prayed him give her hope,
And kneeling begged him with her 'lope,
Then held him in her fervent grip,
And smacked him on his downy lir.

And smacked nim on its downy liv.

o b c c

But lest we into secrets drop.
These thrilling details we will lop—
Suffice to say a priestly troop
Soon after sied the bridal loop.

—Kansas City Times.

-Five years ago a man at Hartford

Conn., fell and became insensible. A sur-geon then found a slight wound in his body, close by the heart, and thought the man had been either stabbed or shot. A few had been either stabbed or shot. A few days later, however, small pieces of black lead began to come out of the wound, and it was then concluded that in falling the point of a lead pencil which the man had in his vest pocket had penetrated the body. Probing later brought out a little wood. Monday the surgeons used the knife, and, to their astonishment, a whole lead pencil, which had been sharpened but once, was extracted. It was 5% inches long, and the wood was split in two. It had been completely imbedded below the chest and not half an inch from the heart. The man is very weak, but it is thought he will recover. very weak, but it is thought he will recove -Although to-day there are as many

brother returned from Germany with a fine beard, which the M. P. determined to emulate. "H. B" the famous caricaturist, was soon at "the man with the beard," as every one called Muntz, and represented him in a cartoon as "a Brummagem M. P." In this portrait he carries a stout stick, which has special prominence. has special prominence, the reason being that an irrepressible practical joker, the marquis of Waterford, was supposed to have laid a wager that he would shave Muntz; hence the cudgel to defend himself from disbarbament. Mr. Muntz died, very wealthy, in 1857

Southern Pineries. The great pineries of the northwest are beginning already to show the heavy drain upon them to which may be added the immense destruction of valuable forests in recent years by fires. It

New York Star.

The first fruit of the railroad consolidation recently effected by the Louisville and Nashvills company is the movement of the business men of Charleston to set forth the advantages of that city as a terminal port for lines seeking an outlet is the ocean. These enterprising gentlemen ask themselves why the superb harbor, convenient location, accessibility and commercial spirit of Charleston should not enable her to command a share of the western trade which now oes almost exclusively to Baltimore, Ph ladelph'a, New York and Boston. The question is timely and periinnent, and foreshadows a, rivalry that each of the latter ports is evidently destined at no distant day to feet. The movement to which we refer took shape at a meeting of the Charleston chamber of commerce, held last Saturday, in a series of resultations plediging the support of prominent merchants and bankes to a programme to u ite the great northwest with the Atlantic seaboard. This rival enterprise lends emphasis to the warning we have here ofore given, that if New York is to maintain her pre-eminence as a terminal port, she must share off her lethargy and get to work. While all her competitors are energetically adjusting themselves te the wants of trade and the rapid transitions in the world of commerce she alone cannot remain idle.

The Action of Congress Layoked.

The Action of Congress Invoked. Knoxville Chronicle.

Knoxville Chronicle.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION MUST surely order its drinks direct from Watterson, for it now speaks of Mr. Wadley as the Napoleon of the railroad world. Where is this thing going to stop? We already have Kaiser William standiford, Prince von Bismarck Newcomb, Count von Moi ke de Funisk, Napoleon Bonapare, Wadley, and no doubt will soon have Julius Cresar Cole, Alexander the Great Gould. Charlemagne Vauderbilt and Duke of Wellington Tom Scott. Congress ought to prohibit it by law.

Watch Washburne. Nashville American.

We predicted long ago that Washburne would be the dark norse. Watch him. Nobody talks Washburne. He neither pushes himself nor is pushed, but he gently attracts attention to the fact that he is not dead by coming out for governor in III] ois. When it appears that Grant is dead, which is rapidly coming to pass; that Sherman has the south, but no strength in the north, outside of Ohio; that Blaine can 'iget the southern vote—Washburne will take the rag off the bush. Bring in Mosby.

St. Louis Republican.

If the administration is really in search of a shrewd, wide-awake, reasonably honest man for the office of Indian commissioner—somebody who would get at the true inwardness of the department without any previous instructions—we would suggest that the appointment be conferred upon Colonel John S. Mosby, the Hong Kong consul. What he wouldn't find out within less than three months about everybody ele's business but his own, wouldn't be worth knowing.

Rogues Falling Out. Washington Post.

Washington Post.

The fight between the Grant and Sherman factions is becoming very bitter. The principal western organ of Grant goes at Sherman with the declaration that "no man connected with the hypocritical fraudulent administration can ever be president." Sherman's organs retort that the era of good stealing can never be re-established. These remarks sound very much like what the radical brethren have been accustomed to characterize as "democratic lies."

The Dark Horse Cleveland Herald.

In all the canvasses that have been made to ascertain the preferences of republicans for the presidential cand date it will be observed that there is always a respectable list for nomine—a list just about long enough, in fact, to offset the group who go for Scattering. It is in one of these two crowds that the dark horse
Watches Watches And WAITS!! George H. Stuart and Mohammed.

When the mountain failed to come to Mohammed.

When the mountain failed to come to Mohammed that wise Arab went to the mountain. Mr. George H. Stuart has the bulge ou Mohammed. The Mechanics' national bank refused to allow him to come again into its presidency, but before the new favorite is fairly warm in his seat Mr. Stuart sees the Merchants' national bank manufactured subject to his order. The year A. D. 1850 can give points to A. D. 600.

The Young Scratchers Snubbed. St. Louis G.one-Democrat, rep.

The "Young Scratchers" of New York have been thoughtful enough to inform the country that they are opposed to the nomination of either errant or Blaine. The juveniles mean well, no doubt, but when they are older they will be wiser. The grown republicans of the country will nominate Grant, and the young men can either vote the ticket or scratch it, as may seem heat to them.

Genuine Political Submissiveness. Philadelphia Times. That is a first-class member of a modern state

Another Tear of Peace. Memphis Appeal.

We breathe free and feel easy. The French government has explained. There will not be a war with England, France and Germany. The saber of our fathers has been returned to its rusty scabbard. We cau still give our whole attention to cotton and breadstuffs.

A Boom for Cauonchet. New York Herald.

The presidential election will be decided by the great and doubtful state of New York, and is any republican can carry it, that republican is Senator Conkling. He is stronger in New York than the ex-president, and he would not be weighted with the third term incubus. Now or Never. Indianapolis Journal

If General Grant is not nominated for president this year, the third term question will probably never figure in a merican politics again. If settled adversely to his nomination now, it will The Straw that Broke the Camel's

Back. Chicago Inter-Ocean. The opposition to Grant of Halstead and Smith et al. did not make so much difference, and now comes Private Dalzell, and we feel discouraged. He Certainly Knows.

Mr. Tilden denies that he is going to be man ried. He certainly ought to have the latest an most accurate information on the subject. A New Version. Written for The Constitution

I am dyeing, mother, dyeing; I am dyeing my moustache, For to-morrow brings the new year, And I aim to cut a dash. With my black moustache and goatee, And my stove-pipe beaver on, I will cut a nobby figure, Just as sure as you are born.

I will call to see Miss Susic, She that kicked me once, you know; And she'll sigh: "That nobby fellow Might this day have been my beau."

Then I'll stop awhile at Mabel's, Where I'm sure to find Jim Wade, Whom, with all my pretty speeches, I will lay quite in the shade.

Next I'll peep in at Miss Fanny's; She's the beauty of the town, But she cannot clink the silver Like my friend, Miss Sallie Brown. At the latter's side, I'll linger, And declare, in tones of love, That her crossed eyes are brighter Than the stars that shine above.

Then I'll squeeze her hand and kiss her, As I "tear myself away." 'Mid her earnest invitations That I call ano.her day. Yes, I'm dyeing, mother, dyeing; I am dyeing my moustache, For to-morrow I go calling, And I'm sure to make a "mash."

Mrs. Partington says Don't take any of the quack rostrums, as they are regimental to the human cistern but put your trust in Hop Bitters, which will cure general dilapidation, costive habits and all comic diseases. They saved Isaac from a severe extract of tripod fever. They are the ne plus unum of medicine.—Boston Globe.

Mr. Gadbois, of Brockville, Canada Mr. Gadbols, of Brockville, Canada, after being cured of a prostrating malarial disease contracted in Texas, by means of Warner's Safe Pills and Safe Bitters, writes to us: "I shall never travel in that climate without your Safe Pills and Safe Bitters as a part of my outfit. 658 feb1—d24m sun wed fri &w24m 34n

ELECTRICITY. MOVEMENTS. WATER-CURE.

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> FAMOUS N. Y. CLOTHING HOUSE. NOTICE

That the N. Y. Store sold out by the Assignee is not The Famous N. Y. Clothing House, 7 WHITEHALL STREET.

Which is open and will remain open for Bargains in Clothing for Men, Youth's and Boys Al-o, a good assertment of Furni hing Goods.

For Reliable Clothing, at Bottom Prices, call at 7 Whitehall Street. 651 febl.—d3m sun wed rit then d3m &wky6m 2d pg

AMUSEMENTS. Infant Class Entertainment FIRST M. E. CHURCH. iday Evening, February 6th, 1880-7:30 P. PROGRAMME-PART FIRST. Kimbell.Lucy Cook Pee.By the Clas.Kate Haralson

PART SECOND.

Jesus Loves Me......

Little Pearl Honeydew...... 26 WHITEHALL STREET. READ.

ATLANTA GRAYS. Organized 1860. WILL GIVE A GRAND LEAP YEAR BALL At the Kimball House February 10th, 1880 D. B. Plumb & Co's.

Dancing will commence at 8:30 p. m. PROGRAMME. PROGRAMME.

1. March, (Atlanta 9. Lancers. Greys).
12. Quadrille.
13. Lancers.
14. Waltz.
15. Quadrille (Leap Year).
16. Polka and Mazurka.
17. Quadrille.
18. Valtz.
19. Valtz.

HOME, SWEET HOUE. Tickets of admiss on, \$1. For sale at the prin-ical Book Stores and Hotels. The Music will be furnished by the 5th Artillery Band.
Captain W. I. HEVWARD, Chairman. First Sergeant J. NEILL SMYTH. Third Sergeant W. U. SMITH. Corporal V. J. DENNIS. Private A. Z. PETER: ON. 45 febt—dlw

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Saturday Night, Fred. Marsden's new I SHAUN RHUE. Prices, \$1.00, and 50 cents. Reserved seats a hillips & Crew's three days in advance. Matine and 25 cents and no reserved seats. \$73 febt sun wed fri sat NEW ADVERTISEMEN IS.

JAMES G. ZACHRY, (Late of Georgia, ATTORNEY AT LAW, WASHINGTON, D. C.

References—Senator John B. Gordon, Judge O. Lochrane. United States Marshal's Sale. NDER AND BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF fier facias issued out of the Honorable District Court of the United States for the hern District of Georgia, in favor of the plain-

THE UNITED STATES VS. WILLIAM THOMP SON. SAMUEL RALSTON and WILLIAM

I have levied upon as the property of Samuel Ralston, deceased, one of the above named defendants, lots of land Nos. .0, 14, 267, 79 and 324, in the 9th district and 1st section of Fannin county, Ga; also lots Nos 2:9 and 231, in the 8th district and 1st section of Fannin county, Ga; all containing 820 acres, more or less, together with all the improvements thereon; and will sell the same at public auction, at the court-house in the city of Atlanta, county of Fulton, and state of Georgia, on the FIRST TUESDAY IN MARCH NEXT,

etween the lawful hours of sale.

Dated at Atlanta, ta., February 2, 1890.
O. P. FITZSIMONS,
29 feb3—law4w tues
U. S Marshal. 29 feb3-law4w tues To Whom It May Concern.

THIS IS TO NOTIFY THE PUBLIC THAT I THIS IS TO NOTIFY THE PUBLIC IN A. I., Rachel Francis, will be responsible for no debts contracted by my husband, Thos. Francis, sen., unless those contracted by him and myself conjointly, or those especially acreed to be paid by myself in person will be pa d. Furthermore, I again notify the public that I will not allow any of my property, real or personal, to be sold to pay any debts already contracted or may be contracted in future, by the aforesaid Thos. Francis Sen.

RACHEL FRANCIS.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION. THE FIRM OF L. DEAN & SON HAS BEEN dissolved by the death of L. Dean. All persons indebted to the firm will settle with the under igned, and those having claims against it will present them to the undersigned, who will wind up the business of the firm and will continue busines at the old stand. JESSE P. DEAN, 63 feb6—dot Surviving Partner.

PARTNERS WANTED. PARTNERS WANTED TO PUT UP A SET of Flour Mills or Grain Elevator in Atlants. I wish to put in a pair of 12x10 engines, with tab-

I wish to put in a pair of 12x10 engines, with tabular ooilers, steam pump, shafting, pullys, etc., and would like to sell all my town property here or exchange it for property in Atlanta. I have the best arranged sinning mill in the state, with machinery to gin 40 bales of cotton in 10 hours. Also on hand two Eric City Iron Works Steam Engines, 5 and 7 horse power, with horizontal tabular boilers and fitting-ecomplete, boilers 7 and 9 horse power. By permission, will refer to James H. Porter, Wm. Rushton, F. Galdin, Garrett & Bro., of Atlanta; Wm. L. High, &. H. Cohn, J. R. Thomason and others, of Madison, Would like to correspond with no one man only. I know what machinery is and can put it to its work.

38 febi—dat

38 feb4—d3t



on receipt of the money by addressing TH GRAY MEDICINE CO., No. 10 Mechanic block, Detroit, Mice. See Sold in Atlanta an everywhere by all draggists. 124 ortil—daws In Order to Close Out

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Physicians Prescriptions Carefully
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TRESH DRUGS, PURE CHEMICALS, A
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SPECIAL SUNDAY SCHEDULE GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY, SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFIC ... AUGUSTA, GA., January 29 1880. Commencing Sunday next. February Ist, 1880.

SPECIAL CHURCH TRAIN eave Decatur.....eave Clarkston...eave Stone Mountain.

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Base Papers at Decatur. Stone Mountain, Lithonia, Conyers and Covington, having contract with the road will copy.

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BOSE TREES—500 varieties of monthly roses.

NEW BULES—Some of them keeping in bloom FLOW RS AND GARDEN SEEDS—In vari DeGive's Opera House

TO THE PUBLIC. TAKE THIS METHOD OF RETURNING thanks to my numerous customers for their

anks to my numerous customers for their all patronage during my long proprietorship as Newton House, in Athens.

December 31 my proprietorship of the New-House will cease, at which time I will open the accommodation of the public the Ciliard the accommodation of the public the Ciliard and Indianative Common C

WANTED-1,000 CORDS OF WOOD DEI fine city. Address giving price, John g. wards, 11 hast Alabama street. FOR SALE

CARLTUN & BRO., 23; MARIETTA STEP handles everything that can be had; or burn, and will deliver it prompty io money. O ARLTON'S FANCY IS ALL THE GO, AND if you'il try it, you will say so too. O TO CARLTON BRO., 134 MARIE OF Street, and try your hand. They will you what you want and deliver it sail to phone. F YOU WILL BUY YOUR GROCERIES Chem in time for your dinner.
694 febl—d Iw sun wed fri WHEN YOU WISH AN ITEM PART SENT to Cariton & Bro., 134 Marietta street and you can find it. 694 febl—d lw sun wed fri

THE INDEX OF THE POURTH P

OST-ON YESTERDAY ON PE

FOR RENT. WILL RENT OR SELL 4 ROOM HO good garden spot—West End. on stree ine. Apply No 38 Marietta street. 38 febt—diw OR RENT-PART OF HOUSE iy at 170 S. Pryor street. FOR RENT-STORS No. 63 I Street. This bullding is 31 by front and rear entrance, is fitted up adapted to wholesale and retail dr terms apply to J. W. English, 35 Bros 71 deco-dif

BOARD-SOME BOARDERS CAN BE A

MION. CLASS B, AT NEW

Louisiana State Lottery Con This Institution was regularly in the Legislature of the State for Education of the State for Education of Twenty-five Tears, to whe inviolable faith of the State is placed to his heart request by the inviolable faith of the State is plotedge has been renewed by an opopular vote, securing its franchisconstitution, adopted December 21, with a capital of \$1,000,000, to which dded a reserve fund of \$350,000. ITS GRAND SINGLE NUMBER TION will take place mentally on the

1 Capital Pr 1 Capital Pr 1 Capital Pr 2 Prizes of 5 Prizes of 20 Prizes of 200 Prizes of 500 Prizes of 1,000 Prizes of

> 1857 Prizes, amounting to bromment points of whom allowed com-tion will be paid.
> Write clearly, stating full address for further information or send orders by express or mill addressed only to

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Compress, in perfect running order, cap
of compressing sixty bales per hour; cost twe
thousand dollars, and will be sold for fire the
stand dollars, simply because this market reg d
a larger press. I have run this press this was
without one hundred dollars' onlay for repwithout one hundred dollars' onlay for repinches diameter and 2D feet long. 4 fines and
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gines, 14 inches diameter and 2D inch stocks,
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rates, rontes, and any and all other either in passenger or freight servic unicate with E. T. PAINE, Agen and street, Atlanta, or the undersigne a, Georgia. HENRY M. DRA Gen. Preight. Ticket and passenger THE ANNUAL MEETING Stockholders of the North Georgia
Stock and Fair Association
Will BE HELD IN THEIR OFFICE IN THE
Will BE HELD IN THEIR OFFICE IN THE Kimball House, on 1880, at 10 o'clock. B. W. WRENN, Sec'y TLANTA PENALE II

FOR SALE. FINE VARIET.ES OF SPAN.
VINES, Cuttings or Roated ones,
best varieties i the country.
copy Cuttings at 25 cents each; one years old, well-rooted, at 30 cents
MARK W. JOHNSON, or to M.
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nore M. E. Conference, South, says he has been so much benefitted by its use hat he cheerfully recommends it to all ville, Va., say it never has falled to give astisfaction.

Samm'l G. McFradden, Murirece bore, Tennessee, says it cured him of rheumatism when all else failed.

Rossdalls is not a secret quack preparation, its ingredients are published on every package. Show it to your Physician and he will tell you it is composed of the strongest alteratives that exist and is on excellent Blood Purifier. Did our space admit we could give you testimonials from every State in the South and from persons known to every man, by men ad child either personally or by reputation.

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SALE.

AL COTTON

Atlants, Ge

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70 mohš deowly & weowly KIDNEY&LIVER CURE

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Safe Remedies aré
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and Dealers in
Medicine everywhere. H. H. Warner & Co. Proprietors, ROCHESTER, N. Y.

m sun wed fri &wky24 not

PERRY, Ga., January 28, 1800. In the year 1873, there were two negro prisoners

resident of this place, to cure them under a contract—no cure, no pay. He administered to them his now justly celebrated Syphilitic Specific, and in a few weeks I felt bound, under my contract, to pay him out of the county treasury, as he had effected a complete and radical cure.

In testimony of the above I have hereunto set my official signature and seal, the date above written.

A. S. GILES,

Ordinary Houston county. Ga.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., February 14, 1879. Gents: We take pleasure in saying that the S. 8.8 is giving good satisfaction. We have had excellent results from a number of cases. One gentleman who had be a confined to his bed for six weeks with Syphilitic Rheu natism, was cured entirely with two bottles, and speaks in the highest praise of it. It also acts as well in primary as in secondary and tertiary cases. BERRY.

Bolden & Pollard vs. The State. Riot, from City Court of Atlanta.

Where three are indicted for riot in unlawfully assaulting, beating, wounding and there wise maltreating another in a violent and tumultuous manner, and the evidence



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TO EVERYBODY

Who is Desirous of Obtaining the Most for their MONEY!

SILVER PLATED WARE, (Meriden Britanna Co.'s Manf'r.). Roger Bros. A 1 Triple Plated Knives \$4.50 and \$5 per doz.

Rolled Plate Jewelry,
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Swiss Hand Carved Work, Brackets, Wall Pockets and
Hat Ra-ks, Japanese Goods,
Pocket Books, Chamber Sets,
Willow Ware, Etc., Etc.

Chamber Sets, 3 pieces, only \$2.25 per Set!

-Hartwell has bad a touch of the iful snow.
—Mr. W. W. Stevens, of The died suddenly the other day.

-Editor Reese, of the Eatonton Messenger, is also proprietor of a store.

-Captain B. M. Turner, of Barnesville,

munication with Zebulon. He very Georgia colonel had a regiment the empire state of the south could boast of the largest standing army in the world.

-Bill Arp, who doesn't believe in ghosts

had a phantom party at his house one night last week. The man seems absolutely given over to the demon of frolic. -The first number of the Elberton News with Mr. S. N. Carpenter as editor and busi-

ness manager, has come to hand. It is large, neatly printed paper.

—There is much complaint in southers and southwest Georgia of rust in wheat, and in middle Georgia, the Hessian fly i reported.

—Mr. William Blackburn, of Macon

county, was shot and seriously wounded by a Mr. George F. Naseworthy recently. Nase worthy is in jail. -The Hinesville Gazette says that a resi

lent of Schley county reports that a strange lisease has broken out among the cattle. The disease seems to be seated in the throat and lungs, causing them to rub the head and neck a great deal. Mucus gathers in a

and neck a great deal. Mucus gathers in a sack under the throat.

—Americus Recorder: On Monday last, as Mr. Turner, the telegraph operator in Americus, was repeating a telegram from Savannah, a strong current of electricity was sent tingling up his fingers into his arm, throwing a pen he had in his hand several feet across the room while a report like a cannon nearly deafened him. The lightning had struck the wire at some point near, and Mr. Turner had his hand on the machine, thus receiving the full charge of electricity. His arm was numbed to such a degree as to be useless for an hour or two. The report was heard in the operator's room in Augusta, and we doubt not, along the line, but not so loud as in the office here. We are glad to say that Mr. T. has entirely recovered from the shock, and will be more prudent during rainy weather hereafter.

—Berrien County News: We are called -Berrien County News: We are called

—Berrien County News: We are called upon to record one of the most heinous crimes that ever darkened the history of our county. On Thursday night last, as Mr. I. H. Elliott was walking in his back yard, the contents of a double-barrelled shot gun were discharged at him. The discharges were almost simultaneous. One shot struck his pants near the knee, and another passed through the back of his coat. The remainder of the loads entered a fence near by, and several of the shots (buckshot) were extracted next morning. Immediately after the firing a party of citizens examined every double-barrelled gun in the place, but did not find any that had been recently used. So far the affair is shrouded in mystery, but every effort will be made to ferret out the perpetrator. Our people are justly indignant, as they feel that the attempted commission of this dark crime has cast an odium upon their county which calls for prompt and swift retribution. It is due Mr. Elliott to state that he is an honest, hard working citizen, and one

which can be more an arrival and the is an honest, hard working citizen, and one who attends strictly to his own affairs. He has the sympathy of the people of Alapaha, and will have their hearty co-operation in seeking to bring the guilty party to justice. It behooves every law-abiding citizen to go to work with a will in this matter, as it is one in which we are all interested. Indeed the midnight assassin is one dreaded, for we know not the hour he may send us into eternity. We failed to mention in the proper place that eight or ten minutes before the firing took place, a window shutter in Mr. Elliott's house was thrown open. The shutter was fastened with an iron hap, and this could only have been unfastened by inserting a knife-blade or some other thin instrument between the shutter and the window casing, and this shows that the the window casing, and this shows that the party was acquainted with the house. Mr. Elliott's wife chanced to be sitting between him and the window, which saved his life.

THE SUPREME COURT.

DECISIONS RENDERED FEB. 3, 1880. Hon. Hiram Warner, Chief-Justice, Hons. James

Jackson and Lugan E. Bleckley Associate Jus-tices—Reported Expressly for The Consti-tution by Jackson & Lumpkin.

Bolden & Pollard vs. The State. Riot, from City Court of Atlanta.

JACKSON, J.

Where three are indicted for riot in unlawfully assaulting, beating, wounding and otherwise maltreating another in a violent and tunultuous manner, and the evidence is that two of the three struck and wounded that other by throwing rocks at and hitting him on the head, all acting in a violent and tunultuous manner:

Held, that the two were properly convicted of riot under the indictment; and though the testimony as to the persons who began the roeking is conflicting, yet there being enough to uphold the verdict, and the presiding judge affirming it, this court will not interfere.

Gartrell & Wright, for plaintiffs in error. Howard Van Epps, city solicitor, for the state.

Brassel vs. The State. Voluntary Man-slaughter, from Clayton. JACKSON, J.

1. Exception to the entire charge will not be held good unless the whole charge be

was 'in the peace of the state,' and that defendant was 'of sound memory and discretion.'

2 Defendant's statement on a former trial is admissible against him.

3 A juror who answers all the statutory questions so as to qualify is prima facie competent, and if defendant object afterwards to his competency, ne must try him and prove him incompetent.

4. A brother of one who contributed money for the arrest of defendant, and for the employment of counsel and aided thus the prosecution, may entertain the jury at night by order of the court, he being justor and being in the habit of doing so in all criminal cases; and it appearing by deposition that the jury were under charge of the bailiff all the while, and that the jailor had no communication with them, and never had taken any part in the prosecution, the court was right not to set aside the verdict for this cause.

5. The defendant having made no confession of guilt in the case and only an admission that he was present when the deceased was shot, with prote-tations of his innocence of any participation in the crime whatever, it was error to charge the jury that "all admissions should be canned with care and confessions of guilt should be received with great caution. A confession alone uncorroborated by other evidence, will not justify a conviction."

6. A new trial will not be granted on the ground that one of the jury was not impartial, on the deposition of one witness who swere to the statement of the juror against defendant, where the juror denied on eath making the statement, and swore to his perfect impartiality and freedom from any bias.

7. Acknowledgments of his presence by the defendant without any promise or hope

A. GROSSMAN & CO.

Wholesale Manufacturers of

Saddles, Harness,

COLLARS, BRIDLES, Etc.,

Main STREET, third door below Pearl St.,

10 feb3—dlm tues fri

Feb3—dlm tues fri

Feb4—dtil febM

Y. M. L. A.

To Acknowledgments of his presence by the defendant without any promise or hope held out to him by the witness are admissible, though the witness are admissible, though the witness received the defendant from a detective who had held out to him that he would protect the present them, duly proven as required by law, for payment. And all persons indebted to aid estate are notified to had estate are notified to add estate are notified to

minds are wavering unsettled unsatisfied, that is the doubt of the law, and you should acquit; if that doubt does not exist, you should convict."

Judgment reversed.

F. L. Haralson; J. J. Rogers; W. S. Whitaker, for plaintiff in error.

R. N. Ety, attorney-general; F. D. Dismuke, solicitor-general; J. A. Hunt, for the

JACKSON, J.

pany of Georgia vs. Mitchell. Case, from Bibb.

JACKSON, J.

1. An employee of a railroad company is not a competent juror to try a case in which the company is a party.

2. The declaration alleging that plaintiff in his body was violently and grievously bruised, mangled and broken, to-wit: in and upon his head, arms, legs and body, and particularly as to the serious injury and wounding of his internal vital organs, such allegation is sufficient to permit testimony of injury to kidney, urinary organs, bloody urinal discharges, and the nervous system.

3. A scientific expert may testify in respect to the character of cuts, embankments, slopes, etc., though his information about them be derived much from books.

4. The natural bias of relations, or servants, or employees, is matter for legitimate comment by connsel before the jury, whether such witnesses be introduced by one side or the other.

5. Charges of the court excepted to by parties will be construed in connection with the entire charge, and if unobjectionable when so construed, will not authorize a new trial.

6. Though the evidence on the subject of notice be conflicting, yet the court may charge on the legal effect of it if the jury believe that it was given.

7. A railroad company is under obligations to employes to observe all ordinary and reasonable precaution to keep its road in such condition as to make their passage reasonably safe, and if it neglect such ordinary and reasonable precaution to keep its road in such condition as to make their passage reasonably safe, and if it neglect such ordinary and reasonable precaution to keep its road in such condition as to make their passage reasonably safe, and if it neglect such ordinary and reasonable precaution to keep its road in such condition as to make their passage reasonably safe, and if it neglect such ordinary and reasonable precaution to keep its road in such condition as to make their passage reasonably safe, and if it neglect such ordinary and reasonable precaution to keep its road in such co

engine with him.

9. The charge of the court being entirely unexceptionable as a whole and perfectly fair to both parties, and the evidence being ufficient to sustain the verdict, this cour in accordance with its of repeated ruling, will not control the presiding judge in the exercise of his discretion in overruling the motion for a new trial based on the ground that the verdict is against the weight of the

that the verdict is against the weight of the evidence.
Judgment affirmed,
A. R. Lawton; Lyon & Gresham, for plaintiff in error.
Bacon & Rutherford; C. J. Harris, for defendant.
BLECKLEY, J., concurred dubitante.

with him at Bolingbroke by the name of Emmerson, to go to Macon, and that he had no authority for that." The court charged the jury, amongst other things: "You may also inquire whether the plaintiff allowed unauthorized persons to ride on the engine with him, If you so find, then inquire further and ascertain whether those persons contributed to or caused the injury. If they did, you would be authorized to find for the defendant. If they did not, then you would not be anthorized to find for the defendant on that ground. The fault or negligence of the plaintiff must contribute to or cause the injury." That the plaintiff was at fault when he took Emmerson on the engine and who was on it at the time of the injury, in violation of the rules of the company, cannot be dispu-Emmerson on the engine and who was on it at the time of the injury, in violation of the rules of the company, cannot be disputed. The rule of the company, cannot be disputed. The rule of the company which forbid its engineer to have anybody on its engine, except the fireman and wood-passer, was doubtless intended for the better security of its own property, as well as the safety of the passengers being transported on its road by removing all inducements and temptation from the engineer to withdraw his entire attention from his strict duty when running its engine and cars upon the railread. If other persons were jallowed to be on the engine with the engineer when running its train, talking with him, or otherwise diverting his attention from the strict line of his duty in watching the track before him to see if there were any obstructions on it, it would not only have a tendency but would be well calculated to contribute to the loss and injury of the company, and to the injury of passengers also, and hence the adoption of the rule by the company it may fairly be presumed. At any rate it was the rule of the company, and a violation of it by its engineer was no minor fault, but one which it will be readily perceived might contribute to the serious injury of the company, as well as passengers on defendant's train. Suppose a passenger on defendant's

I. Exception to the entire charge will not be held good unless the whole charge be wrong.

2. Where no point is made in the argument before the jury or insisted upon or contended before the court that the case might be involuntary manslawghter, and such grade of homicide is not apparent at all from the evidence, the court need not charge thereon further than to read the sections of the code which bear upon it, unless specially requested the do so.

3. Where no request is made to charge in respect to prisoner's statement, and no injury seems to have been done defendant by the omission will not require a new trial—especially where the evidence abundantly sustains, if it did not absolutely compel the verdict.

Judgment affirmed.
J. D. Stewart; W. L. Waterson, by brief, for plaintiff in error.

B. H. Hill, solicitor-general, by brief, for plaintiff in error.

Dumas vs The State. Murder, from Pike.
JACKSON, J.

Dumas vs The State. Murder, from Pike.
Jackson, J.

1. An indictment for murder is good though it omis to change that deceased was 'in the peace of the state,' and that defendant was 'of sound memory and discretion.''

2. Defendant's statement on a former trial is admissible against him.

3. A juror who answers all the statutory questions so as to qualify is prima facie competent, and if defendant to lojed atterwards to his competent, and if defendant to lojed atterwards to his competent, and if defendant to lojed atterwards to his competent, and if defendant to lojed atterwards to his competent, and if defendant to lojed atterwards to his competent, and on prove him incompetent.

Suppose a passenger on defendant's train had sued the companys as well as passenger on defendant's train in Suppose a passenger on defendant's train had been finjured, and had sued the company as such as an unauthorized person on its engine in violation of its own rules, what reply could the defendant have made to the company in violating its rules must contribute to the injury, the the employee of the injury of the company whose em

sults, will not allow him to recover under the statute against the company as such employee, notwithstanding there is no evidence in the record that his fault in violating the rules of the company did contribute to his injury, but he was nevertheless acting in open violation of the rules of the company when he was injured, and thereby exposing the company a dits passengers to injury in consequence thereof; that was his admitted fault, and therefore he is not entitled to recover.

Regulate first the stomach, second the liver; especially the first, so as to perform their functions perfectly and you will remove at least nineteen twentieths of all the ills that mankind is heir to, in this or any other climate. Hop Bitters is the only thing that will give perfectly healthy natural action to these two organs.—Maine Farmer,

NEW YORK CITY, June 16, 1879.

NEW YORK CITY, June 16, 1879.

H. H. Warner & Co.—Gentlemen—I hereby certify that my wife has been using Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure for Bright's Disease, and she is now entirely recovered When all physicians' remedies failed, she was induced to try your remedy, and received beneficial results from the first bottle. After taking four bottles she was entirely cured. Yours truly,

ROBERT B. FITZGERALD.

658 feb1—d24m sun wed fri &w24m 24p

BONDS, STOCKS & INTEREST ALL KINDS of BONDS & STOCKS And allow interest at the rate of POUR PER CENT PER ANNUM,

JOHN H. JARES. The Central Railroad and Banking Company of Georgia vs. Mitchell. Case, from FINANCE AND COMMERCE Bibb.

> BONDS, STOCKS AND MONEY. OONSTITUTION OFFICE, Atlanta, February 5, 1880 The bond and stock market continues active the following quotations:

By Telegraph, LONDON, February 5-1:00 p. m. - Consols 93 5-16; Erie 44%. Specie decrease £43,000:

PARIS, February 5-2:00 p. m.- Rentes 821. 400

Public Debt Statement.

The following is the recapitulation of the statement of the public debt of the Unite I States for the month of January, 1889, just Issued:

Tuterest-bearing debt—

Bonds at 6 per cent. \$270,315,550 00

Bonds at 5 per cent. \$504,499,350 00

Bonds at 4½ per cent. \$250, (00,0.0 00)

Bonds at 4½ per cent. \$788,776,150 00

Refunding certificates. \$2,009,800 60

Navy pension fund. \$14,070,000 00 1,781,686,850 00 15,385,437 74 Debt bearing no interest—
Old demand and lega tender notes
Certificates of deposit
Fractional currency
Gold and silver certificates...... Total. 394.5!0,095 96

Unclaimed Pacific railroad int. 7,597 03 Total debt, principal and interest.. 2,204,5 6 509 48 Total eash in treasury. 203,742,265 5'
Debt less eash in the treasury February 1, 1880. 2,000,781,240 9.
Do. January 1, 1850. 2,011,738,501 8' Decrease of debt during month.... Decrease debt since June 30, 1879... Current liabilities nterest due and unpaid...... bebt on which interest has ceased

12,002,445 934,083 19,461,010 Therest thereon.
Gold and silver certificates.
U. S. notes held for re lemption of certificates of deposit.
Cash balance available February
1, 188 12,605,000 00 155,383,698 19

BLECKLEY, J., concurred dubitante.

WARNER, C. J., dissenting.
To entitle an employee of a railroad company to recover damages against the company for an injury sustained by him when in the service of the company, it must be shown that he was without fault, or negligence, on his part, at the time of the injury. Code 3036.

It appears from the evidence of the plaintiff himself in this case, "that he was the defendant's engineer, running its train of passenger cars, at the time of the injury complained of; that it was against the rules of the company to have any body on the engine, except the fireman and the woodpasser; that he took a man on the engine with him at Bolingbroke by the name of Emmerson, to go to Macon, and that he had firmer at 13c. Net receipts for five days amount to
90,431 bales; exports 56,358 bales; stock 981,2.0

2 Chloago suring \$1.19: No. 3 do \$1.04: No. 2 red Liverpool closed quiet and steady with sales of 8,000 bales, of which 6,000 were American.

The local cotton market was very active to-day one at the exchange. Spots are firm and higher and in active demand, though no one seems much inclined to sell. Receipts to-day amount to 335 bales, of which 109 bales were received from wagons. The market is firm at the foilowing figures: Good middlings 12½c; middlings 12½c; low middlings 11½c; good ordinary 11½c.

The collowing is our statement of receipts and shipments for to-day:

By wagon.

109

Oats firmer but not quotably higher.

NEW YORK, February 4—Flour, southern quiet; common to fair extra \$5.75@\$6.15; good to choice extra \$6.25@\$7.25. Wheat dull and scarely so firm; ungraded red \$1.0@\$1.40. Corn dull and heavy; ¼@¼c l wer; ungraded 59@66½. Oats dull; heavy and lower; No 347½ @48. Hops quiet; yearlings 17@18.

ATLANTA, February 5—Flour—Steady; fancy \$7.75; extra family \$7.25; family \$7.25; wheat—Chi-ago ste dy and lower. Looed market unchanged choice Tennessee \$1.85@\$1.52; choice Georgia \$1.30 \$\$1.40. Corn—Steady; pt car-load 70@710. Oats—Mixed 55c. Meal—Large lots 70@71c. Grits—Air, Une Rallroad.

Shipments to-day.....Shipments previously..... Total.... Stock on hand..... The following is our comparative statement:

Receipts to-day.

Receipts same day last year.

Showing an increase of.

Receipts since September 1, 1879.
Receipts same time 1873.

Showing an increase of. SHIPMENTS.
Shipments since September 1, 1879...
Shipments for same time last year
Showing an increase of............ The following at increase of.

The following is the comparative is receipts at all United States ports:

Net receipts at all the ports to-day...

Same day last year...

Showing a decrease of...

Net receipts for five days...

Same days last year...

Showing a decrease of.

Net receipts since September 1, 1879...

Same time last year...

Showing an increase of...

00T. 12.52

LIVERPOOL, February 5.—noon—Cotion easy; middling uplands 7½; middling Orleans 7½; alles 4,000; speculation and export 1,000; receipts 17,800; American 11,501; futures, uplands low middling clause February and March delivery 7.5-22; March and April delivery 7.3-16; April and May delivery 7.5-22; May and June delivery 7½; June a d July delivery 7.5-16; futures dull.

LIVERPOOL, February 5.—1:30 p. m.—Middling uplands 73-18; middling Orleans 75-16; low middling uplands 71-16; good ordinary uplands 66 18-16; ordinary uplands 66 18-16; ordinary uplands 66 18-16; ordinary uplands 68 18-16; ordinary uplands 68 18-16; ordinary uplands 67 18-16; uplands low middling clause Eebruary and March delivery 7½; November and December delivery 65.

LIVERPOOL, February 5-2:30 p. m.—Uplands low middling clause March and April delivery 7.5-32 37 3-16; July and August delivery 7.1-32.

American 6,070 bales; uplands low middling clause February and Arach delivery 76-32; April and May delivery 74; May and June delivery 77-32; September and October delivery 713-32.

LIVERPOOL, February 5.—5:00 p. m.—Uplands low middling clause February and March delivery 713-32.

LIVERPOOL, February 5.—5:00 p. m.—Uplands low middling clause February and March delivery 713-32.

LIVERPOOL, February 5.—5:00 p. m.—Uplands low middling clause February and March delivery 718-316; March and April delivery 717-32; June and July delivery 71-32; June

114; net receipts 1.22b bates; gross —; sales 80; stock 71.452; exports to Great Britain 1.355; coastwise 1,170.

NORFOLK, February 5.—Cotton quiet; middilings 12%; net receipts 1,626 bales; gross — stock 31,524; sales 225; exports to Great Britain 4,291; coastwise 1,554.

BALTIMORE, February 5.—Cotton firm; middilings 13; low middlings 12½; good ordinary 12½; not receipts none; gross 201 bales; sales 2 0; stock 21,532; sales to spinners 179; exports coastwise 60.

BOSTON, February 5.—Cotton dull; middlings 13½; now middlings 12½; good ordinary 12½; net receipts 584 bales; gross 216; sales none; stock 4,130; exports to Great Britain 122.

WILMINGTON, February 5.—Cotton quiet; middlings 12½; good ordinary 11½; net receipts 178 bales; gross—; sales none; stock 740.

PHILADELPHIA, February 5.—Cotton firm; PHILADELPHIA, February 5.—Cotton firm; middlings 13½; low middlings 13; good ordinary 12½; net receipts 66 bales; gross 76; sales to spinners 44; stock 20,0 8.

1234 net receipts 66 bales; gross 76; sales to spinners 444; stock 20,0 8.

AVANNAH, February 5.—Cotton firm; middlings 1234; low middlings 1234; good ordinary 1134; net receipts 1,948 bales; gross —; sales 1,805; stock 74,805; experts to continent 2,526; coastwise 4,614.

NEW ORLEANS, February 5.—Cotton firm; middlings 1234; low middlings 1234; good ordinary 1134; net receipts 13,435 bales; gross 7,93; sales 7,000; stock 345,796.

MOBILE, February 5.—Cotton quiet; middlings 1234; low middlings 124; good ordinary 1134; net receipts 365 bales; stock 57,890; exports coastwise 1,145.

MEMPHIS, February 5.—Cotton quiet; middlings 1234; net receipts 1,315 bales; shipments 1,141; sales 3,000; stock 121,554.

AUGUSTA, February 5.—Cotton quiet; middlings 1234; low middlings 12; good ordinary 1134; net receipts 313 bales; shipments —; sales 461.

(HARLESTON, February 5.—Cotton quiet; middlings 1234; low middlings 1234; good ordinary 1134; net receipts 825 bales; gross 1,000; sales 1.000; stock 44,851; exports to continent 890; coastwise 1,574.

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, Atlanta. February 5, 1880 9:48 10:35 11:38 11:38 11:38 12:02 ***** 1111111111 28858588 44444444

2288998833 222 222 Flour, Grain and Meal. THE COTTON MARKET.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, Atlanta, February 5, 1880, It with a strong undertone and immediately an advance set in which continued all day. At the close a material change took place, though compared with the close of yesterday a gain of 10 to 15 points is noticed. At the close the months were firm and indicated a further advance. Spots are firmer at 13c. Net receipts for five days amount to the continued all days amount of the continued all days amount of the close of yesterday again of 10 to 15 points is noticed. At the close the months were firm and indicated a further advance. Spots are firmer at 13c. Net receipts for five days amount to the continued all and nominated 43d. CHICAGO, February 5—Flour dull and nominated 43d.

white 40.
ST. LOUIS, February 5—Flour easier; fancy \$6.00. Wheat opened lower but advanced; No. 2 red fall \$1.22\colored \(\), No. 3 do \$1 20\(\) \$1.20\colored \(\). Corn dull at 34. Oats dull at 34\colored \(\).
CINCINNATI, February 5—Flour dull; family \$5 80\(\) \$6.10; fancy \$6 25\(\) \$6.75. Wheat scarce and firm; No. 2 red winter \$1.28. Corn dull at 40. Oats quiet at 39.

quiet at 39.

NEW ORLEANS, February 5—Flour quiet; superfine #4.7% 35.00; high grades \$6.00 356.75. Cornin good demand at 53.36. Oats quiet at 48 1/2 3650.

ATLANTA February 5. Line Stonday In con-ATLANTA, February 5.—Lime—Steady: In carload lots, free on cars in Atlanta, &c: less than carload see in saked; Rosendale cement \$2.50 per bbl. of 300 fbs. neat; Louisville cement, carload lots, \$1.75; less than carload \$2.00; Portland cement, carload lots \$4.75; less than carload \$5.00; plaster-of-paris ("calcined"), carload lots, \$2.25; in smaller quantities \$2.50(\$5.75; land plaster ("new fertilizer"), carload lots \$2.25 % bbl.; less than carload \$2.50 % bbl.; marble dust in lots \$3.00(\$34.00 % bbl ATLANTA, February 5.—Paper—Active, firm and of upward tendency; Manilla paper No. 1 9/2016 % bbl. No. 2 7 @sc bb.; No. 3 & 63 7 % bb; wrapping 3% 25 % bb. straw 3% 21% 2 % bb. burlap bags for corn. new, 9310c; for wheat, 10@11c; bran bags in 1/2616; second-hand bags scarce.

ATLANTA, February 5.—Hides — Firm; dry dry flint 12% 2414; dry sait 12% 2414; wet salted \$68%. Furs are in good demand and firm: minks, good, 25% of otter \$2.00(\$1.00; beaver \$1.00 \$6\$1.50; coon 10@35; musk rat 5@10.

ATLANTA, February 5.— Leather—Steady; the shoe and boot trade for the season is reasonably good; hemlock, good, 31c; hemlock G. D. 30c; white oak sole 40% 4x. harness leather 40% 450.

ATLANTA, February 5.— Plastering Hair—Tarlos vers more and proper of control of the season is reasonable to white oak sole 40% 4x. harness leather 40% 450. ATLANTA. February 5.—salt—Liverpool \$1.30; Virginia in white sacks as follows: Kannawah \$1.10; Holston \$1.45.

Virginia in white sacks as follows: Kannawah \$1.10: Holston \$1.45.

ATLANTA, February 5.—Hay—Choice Timothy \$1.35\\(\frac{2}{3}\)1.40: choice mixed \$1.30\(\frac{2}{3}\)5.35; prime mixed \$1.30\(\frac{2}{3}\)5.35; prime mixed \$1.30\(\frac{2}{3}\)5.35; prime mixed \$1.20\(\frac{2}{3}\)5.30: NEW YORK, February 5.—Wool quiet and firm; domestic deece 43\(\frac{2}{3}\)5.; pulled 30\(\frac{2}{3}\)6.30: unwashed 18\(\frac{2}{3}\)6.

ATLANTA, February 5.—Wool—Steady; washed 30\(\frac{2}{3}\)50: unwashed 25c; burry 15\(\frac{2}{3}\)1c.

NEW YORK, February 5.—Rosin dull at \$1.50\(\frac{2}{3}\)6.

\$1.55. Turpentine strong at 40\(\frac{2}{3}\)40\(\frac{2}{3}\)40.

ATLANTA, February 5.—Bagging—Stock light; 13\(\frac{2}{3}\)6.

ATLANTA, February 5.—Peas—Stock 85\(\frac{2}{3}\)90c; white \$1.25.

ATLANTA, February 5.- Rye-None on mar-ATLANTA, February 5.-Wheat Bran-95c. ATLANTA, February 5.—A very material decline took place in Chicaro to-day in the general provision market. Clear kib Sides—Chicago reports a decline of 15c for March The local market is unchanged at 7½37½a. Mess Pork—A very heavy decline is reported by Chicago to-day which lowered March 4bc. The pork market is very weak. Hog receipts 33,000. Bacon—Mark tell stress weak. Hog receipts 33,000. Bacon—Mark tell stress weak. Hog receipts 33,000. Bacon—Mark tell stress weak. Hog receipts 35,000. Bacon—Mark opened at 7.2; a loss of 5 points, and closed at 7.12½; tone weak. No change has as yet taken place here, and the following prices rule: tierces, lesf. 8½3k: refined be; kegs, cans and buckets 9½c.

NEW YORK, February 5—Coffee quiet; Riccargoes 13% 615%; job lots 14:617% Sugar quiet and steady; fair to good refining 7% 67%; centrifugal 8%; Muscovado 7 1-16:67%; Martinique 7%; Brazil 6%; refined in fair demand; standard A 9:69%; granulated 9% 69%; crushed and powdered 9% 69%. Molasses in m deraie demand; New Orleans firm and in fair demand at 40:652. Rice firm and in fair demand; Carolina 6% 67%; Rangoon 3%. In Iair demand; Carolina & 4.49.74; Rangoon 3% NEW ORLEANS, February 5—Coffee quiet: Ric cargoes, ordinary to prime 13%46164. Sugai steady; inferior 5%: common to good common 65.465%; fair to fully fair 76.7%; prime to choice 7.5%47%; yellow clarified 8%485%. Mossess in good demand; common 3.4284; centrifugal 30.442; fair 37.638; prime to choice 44.630. Rice dull; Louisiana ordinary to choice 6%67%. Rice dull; Louislana ordinary to enouge 07497/3

BALTIMORE, February 5—Coffee quiet; Ricagoes 184/4015/4. Sugar quiet; A soft 35/4.

CINCINNATI, February 5—Sugai firmer; hard 97/4010/4; New Orleans 76/83/4.

Wines, Liquors, Stc. Wines, Liquors, £tc.

ATLANTA. February 5.—Market steady with a reasonable amount of business now being done. Corn whisky, rectified, \$1.00@\$1.40; rye, rectified, \$1.10@\$1.50; rye and Bourbon medium \$1.50@\$2.00; rum, rectified, \$1.25@\$1.75; New England \$1.75@2.50; \$1. Croil \$4.60; Jamaica \$2.50@\$4.50; gin, domestic \$1.50@\$2.50; imported \$3.00@\$4.50; cogne brandy, domestic \$1.50@\$2.50; imported \$5.00@\$8.00; copper distilled corn whisky, Georgia ma.ie, \$1.75; apple and peach brandy \$2.27@\$3.00 cherry and ginger brandy \$1.00@\$1.50; port wine \$1.50@\$6.00, owing to quality; sherry \$1.50@\$6.00; catawbs \$1.25@\$1.75; scuppernong \$1.00@\$1.25.

NEW ORLEANS, February 5.—Whisky steady:

NEW ORLEANS, February 5—Whisky steady western rectified \$1.05@\$1.10. NEW YORK, February 5-Whisky nominal BALTIMORE, February 5-Whisky dull at \$1.101/4 LOUISVILLE, February 5-Whisky firm at CINCINNATI, February 5-Whisky firm at ST. LOUIS, February 5.—Whisky steady at \$1.07 CHICAGO, February 5.—Whisky steady at \$1.07.

Drugs, Paints, Oils and Glass.

ATLANTA, February 5.—Indigo, best, 90c@\$1.10; madder 10@12c; Epsom saits 3@4c: bluestone 9@10c; alum 4@5: cochineal \$1.10@\$1.25; magnesia carb, 35@45. flor sulphur 4½@5; roll sulphur 3½@4; camphor 40b@\$1; copperas 1½@2; asaicetida 35; opium, gum, \$5.50g\$6.00; quinine \$3.25; calomel 96c@\$1.25; blue mass 75c; morphine \$4.25@\$4.50; chloroform \$1.10@\$1.25. Castor oil \$1.25@\$1.50; galion; linseed oil, raw, 95; bolled \$1.00; coal oil 15@20; lard oil 65@80, owi:g to quality; sweet oil \$1.00g\$3.50; tanner's oil 65@70; lubricating oil 18@40; turpentine 50@64. White lead 10; furniture varnish \$1.25@\$1.50; coach varnish \$1.75@\$3.50; furniture glue 16@18; white 30@40; concentrated lye \$4.00@\$4.50 case of 4 dozen; putty 5@6; mixed paint \$1.55@\$2.00 gallon; axle-grease 75@\$1.00 doz. Glassa \$2.14 \$3.00; 12x18 \$8.00; 12x14 \$3.00; 10x 16 \$8.00; 12x14 \$3.00; clascount 4'4350 per cent; quicksilver 75; shellac 55@60. Babbiti's potash \$4.50; all other brands \$4.00.

ATLANTA, February 5 .- Market firm. oz. white osnaburg

Country Produce.

ATLANTA, February 5.—Eggs—In demand at 10c. Butter—Choice Tennessee 20@-2c; medium 14 ä18c: common 12 %414. Pouitr5 — Scarce; chickens 16@22c. Dressed Poultry — Scarce and in good demand? chickens 10c: turkeys 12½ @14c. Sweet Po atoes—In active demand at 50c. Irish Potatoes—\$2.7%38.00. Dried Fruit—Stock II:ht; demand moderate; peeled peaches 13c: unpeeled 5@6c; dried apples 3@7c. Wax—20c; large lots would bring more. Cabbage—In demand at 243½c. Onions—\$4.00%15.0. Feathers—In active request at quotations; choice white geese, 50@50c; prime 45@90c: common mixed 3%40c. Cheese—Market steady; choice cream 13@15c. Tobacco.

ATLANTA, February 5.—Market steady at unchanged figures. Lower grades are in good demand with light stocks offering; very common grades 33@43; good common grades 35@37; medium 38@45; extra medium 45@56c; fine 11 and 12-inch 55@65; extra fine and fancy 75@90c; Brown's extra 80c; natural leaf 95c; Calhoun \$1.15; Cook's extra 80c; natural leaf 95c; Calhoun \$1.15; Cook's extra fg 80c; Cook's extra Lestherwood 90c; Lucy Lawson 55c; shell road 52c; fine cut in palls 60@75c. Smoking tobacco—Blackwell's Durham, assorted, 55c; other brands and grades 40@50 c. Lorillard's suif, in jars, 65c; Lorillard's suif, 2-oz. packages, \$12.00 per gross; Railroad Mills sn uff 56c, in jars; Mrs. Miller's snuif 55c.

Fraits and Confectioneries.

ATLANTA, February 5.—Apples—In fair demand; choice Michigan \$4.50; medium \$4.00. Lemons—\$5.00(\$\$5.50. Oranges—Louisiana and Florida \$2.50. Pineapples—None. Banarias—\$1.50(\$\$\$3.50 per bunch. Cocoanuts—5½(\$\$\$6c. Figs—12½(\$\$217c. New raisins per box \$3.00; \$2.50 x \$1.65; \$2.50 x \$5c. Currants—7½(\$\$\$8. Cranberries—\$3.20 per bushel box; per gallou 40c. California Pears—\$3.50(\$\$\$4.00. Citron—22c. Almonds—224(\$23. Pecans—14@15. Brazils—12½(\$c. Filberts—15@16. Walnuts—17c. Peahuts—Tennessee 5½; North Carolina 6; Virginia 6½: roasted \$1.75@\$1.85 \$\$ bushel. Hardware. Hardware.

ATLANTA. February 5.— Prices are firmly sustained (Horse-shoes \$7.00; mule \$8.00; Horse-shoe nails 124@24. Hames \$6.00@\$10.00. Trace-chains 69@70; good demand. Shovels \$10.00@\$13.01. Spades \$10.50@\$13.00. Axes \$8.50@\$10.00 per dozen. Ootton cards \$4.50 a4\$5.00. Well-buckets \$5.01. Cotton rope 22. Sweed iron 6c; rolled (or merchant bar) 5 rate. Haiman plow stocks in demand at \$2.00; Haiman's steel plow hoes active at 9½c per pound; plow steel 7½c; cast steel 17c. Nails, basis 10d. \$5.75. Powder, rifle \$6.15; blasting \$3.25. Bar lead 8; shot \$2.00.

Live Stock.

ATLANTA, February 5.—Cattle—In active request: choice Tennessee 3@3½: medium 2@7½; common 1½92½. Hoga—In demand with very light, stocks on the market; we quote choice 4@4½; shoats 3½@3½. Sheep—In good demand at 3@3½C.

CINCINNATI, February 5.—Hogs dull; common #3 50 a#4 30; light #4 30@3½.50; packing \$4.40 @24.55; butchers \$4.55a\$4.65.

Lumber.

ATLANTA, February 5.—The market is very active and stocks are exceedingly light. Inch boards \$16.00 per M: framing \$15.00; flooring \$20.00 er M: ceiling \$20.00 per M: dessed on one side \$17.50; weatherboarding \$17.50. Shingles—No. 1 \$3.75; No. 2 \$2.75. Chestnut posts 20c: cedar, sawed, 35c; hewed 35c. RETAIL PRICES. ATLANTA, February 5.— Sweet Potatoes—25@30c per peck; Onions 10c per quart; Cabage 10@30c per head; Turnips 20c per peck; 56 per quart. Tomatoes, canned, 12½c. Eggs 15c pe dozen. Chickens 10@25c. Butter—Choice Ten nessee 2 %350c.

NORTHEASTERN RAILBOAD. Change of Schedule.



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Arrives at Eatonton.
Arrives at Macon for Atlanta.
Leaves Macon for Atlanta.
Leaves Macon for Albany and Eulanis.
Arrives at Atlanta.
Arrives at Atlanta.
Arrives at Atlanta.
Arrives at Atlanta.
Trains on this schedule for Macon. A The long contested White Mail Car Service has, by selection of the United States Mail Department, been placed upon this Line, and the cars are making regular Double Daily Trips between Richmond and New Orleans. PULLMAN Drawing Room Sleeping Cars

MACON, COLUMBUS. EUFAULA MONTGOMERY AND SELMA, AND ALL POINTS IN

Southwest Georgia and Alabams.

By new schedule (July 27th, 1879) passenger
leaving Macon or all points south of Macon, (and
all point in Southw-st Georgia and Alabama),
and arriving at Atlanta at 2.50 a. m., will make
direct connection with morning train of the PIEDMONT AIR-LINE, leaving Atlanta at 4.00 a. m.,
(through Sleeping Car Montgomery to Mount
airy-breakfast house), passing the beautiful

Blue Ridge, "Land of the Skv,,' Bv day, presenting the most beautiful scenery on the American Continent, arrive in Washington City via Virginia Midland Route at 7.50 a. m. next day, and at Philadelphia by Limited Express 1.30 p. m. Regular Express, 1.45 p. m., New York by Limited Express 3.45 p. m., by Beguiar Express 4.75 p. m.

Passengers for Milledgeville and Eatonton will take train No. 2 from Savannah, and train No. from Macon, which trains connect daily, excep-alonday, for these points. PULLMAN PALACE. SLEEPING CARS to

the American Continent, arrive in Washinkton City via Virginia Midiand Route at 7.50 a. m. next day, and at Philadelphia by Limited Express 1.45 p. m. New York by Limited Express 3.45 p. m. New York by Limited Express 3.45 p. m., by Beguiar Express 4.45 p. m.

**THINK OF IT?*

ECleave Macon, or any point named above, at might, breakfast next morning at Mount Alvy, Georgia, (the highest point between Savannah and New York), dine at Gaffney's, S. C., supper at Danville, Va., breakfast at Washington City.

**Dine at NEW YORK Second Evening after leaving, 14 Hours ahead of all other Lines.*

Passengers preferring the Richmond Route will arrive at Washington 1.10 p. m., Relitmore 3.65 p. m., New York 10.65 p. m., (second evening,) Tickets on sale at the City Office of the Central Railroad and the Union Depot, Macon, Ga., also at all Through Ticket Offices south of Macon.

SEEE TIME** TABLES.*

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J. L. WALDROP, General Passenger Agent, Richmond, Va.

J. L. WALDROP, General Passenger Agent, Atlanta, Ga.

J. R. MACMURDO, General Passenger Agent, New Orleans.

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R. R. B. BILLUFS, Passenger Agents, J. C. D'NILAP, Atlanta, Georgia.

**TO WALDROP, Agent Agents, Agent, Montgomery, Ala.

R. R. B. BILLUFS, Passenger Agents, J. C. D'NILAP, Atlanta, Georgia.

**TO WALDROP, Control of the Central Railwood Accommodation to or from Washington on Sundays.

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DECATUR ACCOMMODATION.**

DECATUR ACCOMMODATION.**

DECATUR ACCOMMODATION.**

Decature at Cook Montgomery. Ala.

R. R. B. BILLUFS, Passenger Agents, J. C. D'NILAP, Atlanta, Georgia.

TO WALDROP, Control of the Central Railwood Route will be operated.

DECATUR ACCOMMODATION.**

DECATUR ACCOMMODATION.**

DECATUR ACCOMMODATION.**

Decature at Cook Montgomery. Ala.

R. C. D'NILAP, Atlanta, Georgia.

The Cook of t clear sides 7% 3. Sugar-cured hams steady; canvassed 9% 10%.

CHICAGO, February 5—Pork unsettled, active and lower at \$11.75 \$40; short clear 6.50, At the close pork was 6 mer and 2½ ch igher. Lard firmer but not quotably higher.

CINCINNATI, February 5—Pork unsettled and lower at \$12.75. Lard dult; ctosing at 7. Bulk meats lower; shoulders 4; clear rib 6.50; clear sides 6% Bacon lower; shoulders 7½; clear rib 6.50; clear sides 6% Bacon lower; shoulders 7½; clear rib 7½; clear sides 6% Bacon lower; shoulders 7½; clear rib 7½; clear sides 7½. Green meats duit; shoulders 4; clear sides 7½. Green meats duit; shoulders 4; clear sides 6% Bacon lower; shoulders 7½; clear rib 7½; clear sides 7½. Bulk meats easier; shoulders 8½; clear rib 7½; clear sides 7½. Bulk meats easier; shoulders 8½; clear rib 7½; clear sides 7½. Bulk meats easier; shoulders 8½; clear rib 7½; clear sides 7½. Bulk meats easier; shoulders 8½; clear rib 7½; clear sides 7½. Bulk meats, lower shoulders 7½; clear sides 7½. Bulk meats lower shoulders 7½; clear sides 7½. Bulk meats, lower shoulders 7½; clear sides 7½. Bulk meats lower shoulders 7½; clear sides 7½; SCHEDULE CHEROKEE BAILROAD Change of Schedule.

Daily Weather Report.
OMERICA'S OFFICE, SIGNAL CORP., U. S. A.,
KIMBALL HOUSE, February 5, 10:31 r. M.
All observations taken at the same moment of a

ATLANTA, GA., Feburary 5, 1880. WIND.

TO THE TRADE STRICTLY At Manfacturers Prices. Crockery, China, Lamps, Stamped and Wood-ware, Fine Cutiery, Silver-ware, Show Cases, Looking Glasses, Seth Thomas Clocks, Vases, Toilet Sets, Motel, and Saloon Fixtures. BEST GOODS at rock bottom prices to prompt Cash paying Merchants.

Southern Merchants, you can avoid hard stock, freight, insurance and ruinous breakage, by buying from the BRIDE & CO. THEY IMPORT and MAN-UFACTURE and can meet the closest prices.

PREFERRED LOCALS. THE PRICE of the "DOMESTIC" is as was a well made Sewing Machine can be sold and it is undoubtedly the CHEAPEST (in the with the low-priced Machines of the day. They nave one class of trade, and we have a very differ

MEETINGS.

[Notices of meetings, not exceeding ten lines will be inserted under this head for one dollar.] Georgia Academy of Science.

The regular meeting of the Academy having been unavoidably postponed last night, will be held to night at 8 p. m. Hall No. 9 West Mitchell street. Professor H. P. Gatchell will lecture. Subject: "Some of the physiological effects of alcohol on the water." The public are condially invited. The public are cordially invited.
H. B. LEE,

Uhe Uonstitution. ATLANTA, GA., FEBRUARY 6, 1880

SIDEWALK NOTES.

-All the public schools are full. -The tramp is getting scarce. -Phantom parties are all the go.

-Valentine's day is next Saturday week -Joe Murphy in "Kerry Gow" to-night. -The new flooring of Broad street bridge -Pryor street needs work. In some parts

-Pulliam street has five new residences in -A street car line to the water works is

-The Markham house register represented a dozen states yesterday. -Real estate is steadily advancing in At-

-R. E Lee fire company is one of the nost efficient members of the depart--The Cox case will probably be decided

-Atlanta galleries are learning how behave.

—The Atlanta Grays will have a hop at the Kimball house next Tuesday night.

-Lent is almost here, and hops are crowed in quite close together. -The childrens' "Pinafore" will probably

—Come out early to-night as the enter-tainment will be short and will begin promptly at 7:30 o'clock. -The new building for Clark universit

will be finished by August. It will be one of the handsomest structures in the state. -Mr. Robert C. Clayton, the city engi-eer, is doing good service in several places where repairs are needed. -Let everybody in town come out to-night and hear one hundred lovely children sing their beautiful songs.

Several drummers who travel over the —It is frequently remarked that the men
of the Fifth artillery are the best behaved
garrison Atlanta has ever had.

Let every parent in the First Methodisturch come out Friday night and see what church come out Friday their children are doing. -John T. Ford is expected to bring "The ates of Penzance" to Atlanta before

ong.

-Merchants are already ordering goods for the early spring, which everybody an-

e most popular drummers on the road we been in Atlanta for a few days past. Let every member of our Sunday-school take the opportunity, Friday night, of giving one quarter to the school.

giving one quarter to the school.

—Mr. J. C. Courtney, the most popular man in Atlanta, will receive all his friends at the First Methodist church, Friday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

—Stuart Robson and W. H. Crane have made a splendid hit in their new play, "Sharps and Fiats." They have just done a splendid business in New Orleans, and now go to Memphis. They are great favorites in Atlanta.

"Always gets up a lot of goods, first in one way, and then in another, the prices of which set the people wild."

The above remark was made by an Atlanta merchant a few days since, and he spoke the truth. He is forever upon the alert with plenty of money to enable him to seize of any opportunity which may present itself in the way a bargain. As for instance in the matter of the New York Store stock purchased by him last week. It took nearly ten thousand dollars in cash to buy it, but he bought it. Consequently "bargains." We niean genuine bargains are being sold by him. No amount of enterprise necessary to any business undertaking seems to be too much for him. Let the Captain's "boom" in trade continue. He is having a big run of trade and deserves it too. Call and examine his goods and prices.

SILHOUETTE BITS.

SKETCHED IN HASTE AND AT RANDOM

and a Lady's Comb—The Improvement of the Gin—Judge Rice and His Connaught Attachment.

"Do you want a romance from real life? aid Judge Lochrane the other day. "All right! Here is one. Many years ag here was a young fellow named Bigelow sent by his father to Yale college. The father was very rich and the youngster lived in the old gentleman broke and had to with-draw his son from college. The boy, however, felt the necessity of an education, and determined to have one anyhow. He, therefore, went to work and learned a trade as a machinist. While he was at his work his old associates cut him and refused to have anything to do with him. The young ladies with whom he had been a great favo ite failed to recognize him when they met him. One day while going from his work he met a wealthy young lady who had been his friend. He had his tin dinner-bucket over his arm, and supposed she would cut him as all the rest had done. She smiled pleasantly, addressed him as "Tom," and insisted that he should call and see her as he had always done. She said, "There is no change

call and see her as he had always done. She said, "There is no change in you, as far as I am concerned."

"The years rolled on. The young workboy became immensely wealthy, and is now the mayor of New Haven, with an ingome of \$100,000 a year, and owner of a factory in which 1,500 men and women are employed. The young girl grew to womanhood and married. Her husband borrowed a large sum of money from Mr. Bigelow, and died before he had paid it, leaving his family with but little property. Mr. Bigelow sent her, with his condolence, a receipted note for her husband's indebtedness: and now the son of Bigelow, the millionaire, is going to marry the daughter of the one woman who was faithful and true to the young work-boy at bigelow, the millionaire, is going to marry the daughter of the one woman who was faithful and true to the young work-boy at

Some man will yet make reputation in writing the romance of the cotton gin. We all know how a poor Yankee tutor came to teach the children of General Nathaniel Greene in Georgia, riding from Connecticut Greene in Georgia, riding from Connecticat in a sulky, and seeing the difficulty attending the handling of cotton, then produced in small quantity, put his wits to work and evolved the rude hint of the gin now in use. I heard a story the other day from Mr. John M. Guerrard, of Savannah, who I think got it from Mr. Nightingale, the sonin-law of General Greene. The story runs that one day at a dinner given by General Greene, some curiosity was ex-

think got it from Mr. Nightingale, the sonin-law of General Greene. The story runs that one day at a dinner given by General Greene, some curiosity was expressed to see the invention of young Whitney, which was then being operated in a little house near by. After dinner the company went out to the house and Whitney was exhibiting his seed machine, when it was discovered that he had to stop it every few minutes in order to clear the cotton away from the canboard cylinder. Mrs. Nightingale observing the annoyance that this caused and the embarrassment of the young inventor, with the quick wit of a woman, took her silver comb from her hair, and pressing its teeth gently against the cylinder, Ceared the lint away as it turned. To this gentle act of courtesy as it turned. To this gentle act of courtesy the world is indebted for one of the most valuable ideas connected with the gin.

No Profit to the Inventors. Colonel Tom Howard contends that the invention of Whitney was really very unimportant, and consisted simply in the use of one cylinder instead of two, substituting bent teeth for the second cylinder. The really important progress made in the cotton gin was made by a Wilkes county man, women, and thus gained an entrance to the out-house in which the gin was hidden and obtained a knowledge of its parts. Neither Whitney nor the Wilkes county man made any profit out of the invention. made any profit out of the invention.

Speaking of these old times, we shall have in a half century some scribbling ournalist of the future writing the gossips greater revolutions in the south than the cotton gin has done in the past half cenhe had been crushed to death. He still

Of Course He Remembered It. A good story is told on one of our prominent capitalists. In the old days he was a poor boy and had to work for his living while other boys were at school. When he came to man's estate, therefore, he found himself a trifle short in spelling. He was a clear-headed, brave-hearted man of busi-ness, however, and he and his partner built their business up to such proportions that they had to buy a fire-proof safe. One combination word furnished them with the safe was "boot." One of the partners set he safe while the other was at dinner When the latter came in he tried to open the safe but could do nothing with it. He turned to his partner and said:

"Are you sure you set this safe by the ght word for the combination?" "Yes, I am."
"The partner tried again, but could do nothing with the safe. "Are you sure you used the right word?" he asked.
"Hang take it," said his now exasperated 'Yes, I am." partner; "of course I am. I set it b-u-t-e-boot. I don't forget anything in an hour!"

Judge Rice and the Connaught Attach I met Judge Sam Rice, of Montgomery, the other day, and asked him what his political status was at present. "I am," said he with that indescribable look of humorous gravity, "a political free-dealer on a democratic basis, with republican variations and a Connaught attach-

"What is a Connaught attachment?" was an Irish company went out of New Or-leans into the confederate army. They had been in camp a long time and were getting rusty for the lack of a fight. One evening a shock-headed fellow arose and evening a shock-headed fellow arose and stripping off his coat, remarked casually that "the jintleman from Limerick cud lick anything in the camp in the twinklin' uv an eye." In an instant a bright-eyed fellow was to the front, remarking that "the jintleman from Tipperary could walk through the jintleman from Limerick without the least bit uv trouble." At this juncture a tall fellow from the outside strode in and stated politely that "the jintleman from Connaught would like to take part in the coming entertainment, and in part in the coming entertainment, and in der to save the jintlemen alre gaged from any embarrassment, the jin-tleman from Connaught would remark fur-ther that he didn't give a d—n which side

he fought on!" "So," says the judge laughing, "you can understand what I mean when I say I am working with a Connaught DOLLAR STORE RINGS. Yesterday an officer arrested a small sable youth on Decatur street and took from him a square box containing twenty-three finger rings of pure brass. The little fellow was offering them to the trade at the round sum of ten cents per ring, and upon being questioned as to where he got them, told the policeman that he found the box in a cut down on the Georgia road. The rings are at the station house, where the owner is at liberty to identify them; and the boy having been stripped of his personal freedom, now "feeds upon the vapor" of his little dungeon cell. Did he steal them?

Marriage in Madison. Yesterday at 12 o'clock at the residence of the bride's mother in the city of Madison, Mr. W. A. Broughton and Miss Mollie Pou, were united in marriage. There were no attendants. The cerament roo attendants. The ceremony was bear fully performed by the Rev. Habersh Adams of the Methodist church. bride is one of Georgia's love liest and most brilliant women, and we ten

HANDKERCHIEFS at 10c, worth

Chamberlin, Boynton & Co.

IN GOLD & SILVER CASES,

J. P. STEVENS & CO., AND RETAIL JEWELERS, WHOLESALE

JUST RECEIVED AT

34 WHITEHALL STREET.

FOR NEW ORLEANS.

Reliable parties state that when the dark New Names Swell the Mardi Gras Del- The Movements of the Magnates Yes fugitive passed up Line street, he was going at the rate of twenty-two miles an hour, with tongue out, whites of eyes in advance, and hair stepping heavenward. It really looks as if the number of visiitors to Mardi Gras from Atlanta will be

terday.

Washington, February 5.—The bureau of statistics has received complete reports of the foreign commerce of the United States. greater this time than ever before. The every village wants a railroad to its neigh-Clark University.

One of the most prosperous schools for the colored people in the south is Clark university in Atlanta. There are now about 180 pupils attending its exercises. Next fall it will be removed from its present quarters on Whitehall street to the beautiful Chrisman hall beyond the city limits, which is now being erected by the Freedmen's aid society, the patron of the university.

At a meeting of the board of trustees

greater this time than ever before. The long list includes Mr. J. W. Rucker, wife and two nieces, Mr. J. W. Rucker, wife, Miss Lamar and Mrs. Dr. Owens, Mr. J. B. Wrenn, Mr. B. W. Wrenn and Mrs. Governor Builock, Mr. Willis Bizters and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Deze, Misses Stella Bostick and Annie Powers, Mr. Elijah Brown, Miss Mary Brown and Mrs. Dr. Conally, Messrs. Henry Collier, George Drummond, Ed. Baldwin, Charley Beerman, Lit Jones, John Ransom and Dr. Fox. In addition to this a large

sics; Miss Kittie Mitchell, piano and organ; Mrs. C. C. Mitchell, matron.

Atlanta is becoming, if it is not already, the educational center of the colored race in the south. There are four colored colleges here now all well attended and successfully

breathed, however, and it was thought best to have him examined by a surgeon at once,

so a strong negro man raised the little fel-low tenderly in his arms and bore

A large crowd followed and every

promptly shut out. A thorough examina-tion showed that no bones were broken. He was terribly bruised from head to foot,

Tom Blodgett's Misfortune.

Jim Miller, made collector of the port a

that place. It was also stated on the streets yesterday that charges had been preferred against Blodgett and that he would be in-

that Special Agent Camp, who was in the city a few days since investigating Blodgett,

JOHN RYAN would call the at-

tention of those wishing CAR-

PETS, LACE CURTAINS and

WINDOW SHADES, to the im-

mense stock that he has now at

prices fully 25 per cent lower than

Big lot of HEMMED LINEN

they will be in the soring.

office

Yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock Marietta The King's Mountain Centennial. Seats free.

feb6—dlt

Secretary.

Come, To-night!

Let everebody be at the Blue Ribbon meeting to-night. Arrangements are made for extra interest. The speaking will be lively and able. The music splendid, under direction of Professor Chas. A. Capwell, supported by a Male Quartette of fine singers, and other well-known musicians.

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Secretary.

fone tetch for the second cylinder instead of two, substituting street, near Chapman's drug store, was the semt that for the seems that really insportant progress made in the coton gin was made by a Wilkes county man, and dray, standing near the State depot. The portant a day. Colonel Tom Hardeman, of Macon, will deliver the address. There will be other exercises of an interesting and the syndicate have far more than a patent, and while waiting for it the inventor was terribly worried by men who were almost unmarked to fitnesse excitement. It seems that consisting of a mule and horse hitched to a common dary, standing near the State depot. The portant progress made in the coton fitnesse excitement. It seems that consisting of a mule and horse hitched to a common dary, standing near the State depot. The portant progress made in the coton fitnesse excitement. It has just leaked to make the memorable of king's Mountain Centennial.

On the 21st the centennial of the memorable of king's Mountain, N. C., will abstite of king's Mountain, N. C., will be celebrated in a manner worthy so important progress made in the coton for king's Mountain Centennial.

On the 21st the centennial.

On the 2lst the centennial of the memorable of king's M on the very summit of the mountain so Columbia and Asheville construct that it may be seen for miles around. Rates from Atlanta will be put down very low. Parties can leave the city at 4 o'clock a.m. arrive at King's Mountain in time for all the exercises, enjoy a good time and re-turning reach Atlanta at 10:30 the same hem. In about two minutes the street was literally thronged with excited people. Pale, limp and dust covered the poor little fellow was lifted from the ground and carried into

night. Atlanta will be well represented. Hop Last Night. At the Kimball house last night there was a hop given in honor of Miss Raisin, of Baltimore, who is visiting friends in the There was a good attendance of ladies and gentlemen representing Atlanta society, and quite a number of visitors. The occasion was as pleasant as possible in all respects. Music by the Fifth artillery band gave a zest to the graceful dancers. step was marked by a piteous moan from the little sufferer. The crowd pressed right up to the door of the office, but were There was a cordiality about the affair which is rarely seen at such entertainments. The large ball room was brilliantly lighted and presented a very pleasing scene. The hop continued until a late hour when every-body went home happy. An elegant supper was one of the pleasures of the evening

and there was a small gash over his left eye supposed to have been cut by a hoof. Two wheels rolled over the little fellow's back, It was arranged with eiegance and taste and was richly enjoyed. but there were no sign of internal injury. The doctor pronounced him not seriously injured, and turned him over to his sister Judge Martin J. Crawford. The Columbus bar had a meeting Wednes and friends who took him home. His name is David Stewart. He is the son of Mr. A. C. Stewart, of DeKalb county. He certainly had a narrow escape from a horrible Judge Martin J. Crawford from the Chattajudicial circuit to the supreme bench. Resolutions were which congratulate him on The mule was not burt. After regaining his feet he made a wry face, and looked a little rumpled, but didn't seem to be a bit his promotion, but express sincere regret that Columbus and the bar of the circuit are to be deprived of such a man as Judge Crawford. The resolutions show in what high esteem the new associate justice is head in the Chattahoochee circuit. We hope Atlanta may soon claim him as a Tom Blodgett's misior une.

The bottom rail seems to have flipped on top somehow in the quiet town of St. Mary's, as we learn that Tom Blodgett has been bounced out of office and his deputy,

A Rock Crusher. The street committee has purchased a rock crusher and an engine to run it at a cost of \$2,300. The crusher will be run at the corner of Peachtree and Marietta streets, where the fountain formerly stood. It is claimed that the machine can crush rocks in a day than thirty men could break with rock hammers. It is intended that the entire force will be kept distributing

city a few days since investigating Blodgett, has been ordered by the secretary of the treasury to go to St. Mary's and examine into further charges which have been preferred against Sherman's young boom. Mr. Miller, the new collector, will at once give bond and take charge of the office. He is from LaGrange and is a brother of Mrs. W. H. Venable of this city. The appointment is thought to be a good one as Mr. Miller is considered a most promising business man. The ex-collector we hear is still in St. Mary's and will remain there until after the rocks as fast as the crusher turns then Rice's Evangeline company appeared at the opera house last evening to a good audi-ence. Evangeline is an American opera bouffe extravaganza, rendered in three acts, each of them placed on the stage in a most brilliant and attractive manner. Mary's and will remain there until after

If the weather is inclement to-night the entertainment of the infant class of the F rst Methodist Sunday school will be postoned until Monday night

I have an immense PERSONAL MENTION. stock. Will save you -W. J. Clark, of Columbus, is in the city. money on any goods you -D. R Holloway, of Americus, is on visit to Atlanta. -Henry W. Grady left on the 3 o'clock train yesterday for Cincinnati. buy and guarantee to -O. T. Jennings, of The Glades, is visit sell Blankets, Flannels, -S. K. Johnson and D. F. Jack, of Au Pant Goods and Under- J. M. Johnson, a leading banker of Danville, Va., is visiting the city.

Governor Alfred H. Colquitt returned wear Fifteen per cent o the city yesterday from Washing less than any house this -H. M. Drane and W. S. Holt, of Macon are in the city.

—James B. Mills and W. T. Cole, of Grifside of New York. Will convince you if you will -W. H. Watkins, of Franklin, is in the examine my stock and

-L N. Trammell, of Dalton, is visiting -T. E. Dolan, of McDonough, visited -J. C. Fain, of Calhoun, was in Atlanta resterday on a visit pertaining to railroad natters. -R J. Larcombe, S. H. Davis and C. M. ilbert. of Savannah, are visiting the

-C. T. Campbell, superintendent of the as express company, is visiting his nu-

JOHN RYAN has just received

RAILROAD NOTES

terday. -The contractors of the Cincinnati South-

ern have demanded a conference with the trustees. It is stated that there is a differ ence of \$60,000 between them.

-We publish this morning the complete narrative of President E. W. Cole, touching the way he was betrayed by his old friend Stevenson and his attorney, Stevenson's nephew, a young man by the name of Fogg. It is the simple narrative of an honest gentleman, who trusted and was de-ceived, and possessing the interest of a ro-mance, it will be read with universal interest. A more unlovely and unloveable son than V. K. Stevenson never live this or any other country. He was born a cold, crafty, heartless man, and the wonder is that such a man as Colonel Cole should have been so long misled by him.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

-The last proposed grand railroad combi-nation is that for the completion of an in-dependent and intermediate line of railroad nand beg for bread or money.

Deformity is flared in the public eye in a disgusting manner and misfortune is so tritle to move the feelings. All these things point to a need of Atlanta, which has been indicated time and again, but Knoxville. Columba and Charleston line. has been indicated time and again, but which seems never to be supplied. Atlanta must have a hospital.

Knoxville, Columbia and Charleston line, and the port is Charleston. For some time there had been an inquiry for the lower of South Caroline rolling. there had been an inquiry for the lower classes of South Carolina railroad securities, which previously were almost un-marketable. It has just leaked out that a syndicate at New York already owned 40,000 shares of the capinecessary connecting lines. ton to Cincinnati, by wa Knoxville, Caryville and Danville, the dis tance is six hundred and ninety four miles, which is more than a hundred miles less than the short line from Cincinnati to Sa-

vannah -St. Louis Republican. -The managers of the Louisville and Nash ville railroad were in the city yesterday to confer with the Circinnati Southern in re-gard to a freight tariff. The proposition was that the longest lines should fix the rates, and that the charges from this city direct should be the same as from Cincin nati via Louisville. This was preposterous, of course, and could not be entertained. The distance from this city to Chattanooga is the same as from Louisville, therefore th is the same as from Louisville, therefore the charges should be the same. The managers of our road could not make any better tariff for Louisville if they would. We spent our twenty millions for the purpose of securing a short line to the south, and secured it. To trade away this advantage would be worse then ridiculous. It would would be worse than ridiculous. It would would be worse than ridiculous. It would be criminal. This is out of the question. The Louisville geutlemen argued that our bridge is free, while theirs is a toll bridge, making a difference of equal to near 100 miles of road in favor of Cincinnati in regard to through freight. This is all true. But Louisville can make its bridge free by But Louisville can make its bridge free by paying \$1,500,000 for it. This is somewhere near what the Cincinnati bridge cost. We do not propose to throw this advantage away, nor do we intend to selfishly appropriate it. It is to be given to shippers and passengers who use the road.

The rates between Cincinnati and the court of local and the court of the road through traffic will be south on local and through traffic will be the same as between Louisville and the south. The distance being about the same, this is fair. Any other arrangement would The Cincinnati Southern will be open for

business very soon, and the day it is so open rates will be fixed upon the basis of distance. That will suit the public and the Louisville and Nashville managers must ac-commodate themselves to this fair adjustment.-Cincinnati Gazette.

The Atlanta barkeeper closes at 12 and pens again about half past 4 a. m. -The captains are much more efficient than formerly, because they are mounted. -Patrolman McCreary is one of the best -Indecent literature is carefully supressed in Atlanta.

-Street tax is collected from everybody with diligence and impartiality. —The Whitehall street crossing is care fully watched by special policemen. -The streets look much better since th

BARGAINS! BARGAINS

Black Cashmeres Black Silks. Black Alpacas, Fancy Dress Goods. Blankets and Flannels. Cassimeres for Men's and Boy's wear. Boots and Shoes for entlemen. Boots and Shoes for Ladies. Thousands of articles in every depart

This is not a draft upon the imagination but a solid fact. This immense stock of goods is being sold for what it will bring. No limit put upon the number of yards sold of any thing, but a real, bona fide "SALE" of everyting in stock, at

JOHN KEELY'S.

Bargains in BLANKETS from 25c, at JUHN RYAN'S from the INGS ever shown in Georgia. Bankrupt sale at JOHN RYAN'S CASSIMERES to close out at a

Chamberlin, Boynton & Co.

We will offer for the next 30 days our entire stock of Blankets, Oloaks, Flannels, Dress Goods, Cassimers, Repellants, etc., at such prices as will be entirely satisfactory to our oustomers.

An Examination of these Goods will Prove our Assertion approximately the second of these Black Silks, Colored Silks, Passementrie, Fringes, Etc., Just in the best of a residence into which she intended of a residence into which she intended of a residence into which she intended of the second silks, Passementrie, Fringes, Etc., Just in the price of the second silks, Passementrie, Fringes, Etc., Just in the position of a residence into which she intended of the second silks, Passementrie, Fringes, Etc., Just in the price of the second silks during the time that the house was unoccupied and take care of the establishment. Now it happens the following the gentlemen. It was a first dight of the stablishment in the presence of a fully grown and developed rist.

Carpets.

Call and examine our stock. You will find what you are looking for and at prices that will be satisfactory.

CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO.

287 janti-dly top 8d 4th and 5th col 4thp

WAT CHES.

An immense stock of

Legest stock capenal developed rist.

WAAT CHES.

An immense stock of

Legest stock and there was no doubting that the noise was being made by scores of rats of the largest size. The room of his door was open and he was a frind to get up to close it. He remained perfectly still headway. His heart-climbed to his throat, and his lungs refused to work. In other word, he was comparatively dead, so to speak. A solution to the medical college he could get to the dead to the medical college he could get to the dead t and stated that he wished to procure a situation. The gentleman being somewhat of a wag told him that he did not need a boy just then, but remarked that if he would go to the medical college he could get something to do. The colored brother went. Upon reaching the door of the college the boy was informed that the gentleman who did the hiring for the institution was up stairs, and was invited to go upland interview him. Without the slightest hesitation he ascended the stairs. It happened that one of the college was another handsome specimen galloping away with the only face towel in noor, he saw another handsome specimen galloping away with the only face towel in the room, while scores of other rats were employing their leisure hours in various ways with marked determination. The young man got up, put on his clothes, and walked the floor the remainder of the night with the door to his apartment closed and eccurally bestered.

with the door to his apartment closed and securely fastened.

While putting on his new shoes that had cost a ten dollar bill only a few days previous, he discovered that the uppers had been eaten off and the shoes made perfectly worthless. As soon as the lady came in the morning he gave up the key and handed worthless. As soon as the lady came in the morning he gave up the key and handed in his resignation. He is not looking for further enpoyment in this line, and never again wants a similar situation. Exports and Imports.

for the calendar year 1879, which, compared with the reports for 1878, show a gain of \$28,038,420 in the value of mcrchandise ex-ported, and a gain of \$81,967,533 in the val-EXPORTS OF MERCHANDISE.

The value of exports of merchandise by onths for 1878 and 1879 was as follows:

70,103,425 67,481,382 ...9787,092,073 \$765,130,493

The fact should be mentioned that this statement represents the value and not the quantity of exported merchandise, and alues were generally lower in 1879 than in 878. The quantity of merchandise exported was at least seven per cent greater in 1879 than is shown by the above com-parison of values. The increase in exporta-tion was mainly in breadstuffs, cotton, provisions and live stock. IMPORTS OF MERCHANDISE.

With the revival of business the importation of merchandise has increased in a won derful manner, and the aggregate for th last year is larger than for many years be fore. The following is a comparative statement by months for the last two years:

1878. 1879. \$431,812,483

The increase in imports is due to the great demand for silks and other dress goods, fancy articles, and articles of luxu-The balance of trade in favor of the United States in merchandise in 1879 was \$251,-350,477. In 1878 the balance of trade in our favor was \$305,279,590. THE MOVEMENT OF GOLD AND SILVER.

The excess of imports over exports THE BRITISH TRADE REPORT

for 1879 shows that there was an increase of imports from the United States in some of the leading articles over the imports for the year 1878, as follows: Fresh becf....... Wheat, flour and meal.....3,200 000

The total imports of wheat into Great Britain increased from 49,800,000 cwts in 1878 to 59,400,000 cwts in 1879, the values being \$133,300,000 for 1878 and \$152,500,000 for 1879.

The total imports of flour and meal in creased from 7,800,000 cwts in 1878 to 10-700.000 cwts in 1879, the values being \$33, There has also been quite a remakable in-

crease in the exports of some articles from Great Britain to the United States, as fol

her manufacturers of iron old iron for remanufa l, unwrought inea piece good ute manufacture oolen cloths and worsted stuffs The imports of wheat into Great Britain Russia, Germany, the United States, British North America are stated as

Chu: ch and State in Germany. Special dispatch to The Constitution. Special dispatch to The Constitution.

Berlin. February 5—In the debate in the lower house of the landtag to day on the public worship estimate, Herr Windthorst regretted that Herr Von Putkammer, minister of worship, had laid stress on continuing in the principles of Dr. Falk, and demanded a complete severance therefrom. He did not feel any extraordinary confidence in the success of the negotiations with the vatican, but said the ultramontanes would refrain from introducing any mes would refrain from introducing any efinite motion so as not to interfere with

hose negotiations, and he would acquiesce any agreement that might be concluded Herr Von Putkammer extressed the high steem for the Catholic church entertained esteem for the Catholic courch entertained by the government, and as a l that although compelled to protect her rights, the state had never reliuquished the hope of restor-ing peace with the church. He gladly noted the inc'ination of the Catholics towards a compromise, which, however, could only be effected on a basis of existing legislation. He added that he must inflexibly maintain the in ere 4s and rights of the monarchy. To obtain peace, he said, all parties must observe great moderation.

During the debate Herr Hamerstein said that the tone writers. cons rvatives would await the re night be. Herr Stengel, in behalf of the free con-

JOHN RYAN is offering big inements in BEAVERS, BROAD OLOTHS, DOESK INS and FANCY

LONGLEY & ROBINSON Contractors and Builders MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

Doors, Sash, Blinds, & all kinds of Building Materials, Lumber, St All Kinds of Builders' Hardware and Tools New York Enamel Paint and Johnson's Dry Sized Kalson A FULL ASSORTMENT OF ALL KINDS OF GOODS IN THE BUILDING LINE stantly on hand and sold at the lowest market price. Office and Saleston, 38 Britantion.

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STILL THE CRY IS:

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Great Reductions We have made in ALL DEPARTMENTS, our establishment is daily filled with himser to obtain the BARGAINS which we offer. As our goods have NOT been laying on a cives for several years, but have ALL, been purchased within the last season, the industrial we offer are doubly advantageous to our patrons.

Having made many friends and customers by our

Straightforward Way of Dealing!

Bargains! Bargains! Bargains! LACES. HAMBURGS. HOSIERY,

LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS, WILLOW WARE, Bto Special Bargains in Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats. Picture Frames, Velvet Frames, Chromo All sizes of Picture Frames made to order. Wholesale Trade supplied

L. WURZBURG. ATLANTA, GA

The Knights of Momus.

feb4-dtf

New Orrelans, February 5.—The procession of the Knights of Momus had for its subjects to-day "Fair Women of History." "Women whose Portraits Adorn the Great Picture Gallery of the Past," "A Dream of Fair Women," and tableaux on handsomely decorated cars in the following order: 1st, Semeramis, queen of Assyria, surrounded by Assyrian warriors. 2d, Dido on the funeral pyre. 3d, Delilah temping Sampson. 4th, Sappho departing with Phoon. 5th, Aspasia entertaining famous Greeks. 6th, Judith at the feast of Holofernes. 7th, Cornelia and her jewels. 8th, Cleopatra sailing down the Cydorus. 9th, Boadicca exciting the Bietons to revolt. 10th, Zeuobia going to battle. 11th, Queen 10th, Zenobia going to battle. 11th, Queen Eleanor and the fair Rosamond. 12th, Joan of Arc clad in full armor. 13th, Isabelle of Castille receiving Columbus. 14th, Mary Stuart going to execution. 15th, Elizabeth, aiden queen, and attendants. 16th, Maria

Th-resa appealing to the Hungarians. 17th, Jo ephine's vision. The entertainment closed with grand tableaux and a ball at the -Mrs. M. A. Patton and her daughter, Mrs. Henry Woodruff, of Columbus, are visiting the family of Mr. Hulbert at 122 Washington street.

500 nov8-d6m sun wed fri HOTEL ARRIVALS. Kimball House.

ATLANTA, GA., February 5, 1880

ATLANTA, GA., February 5, 1880.

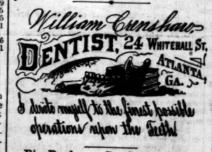
J G Holland, Jr, Baltimore: T P Evans, White Plains, Ga; S Fox, N,Y; R C Meldrin and wife, J A Murkley and wife, Chicago. Ill: A B Pittman, V cksburg, Miss: T & Allea, Nashville; T S Webb, Knoxville: J A Millard, St Louis: Jno G McKee and family, Denver, Col: W A Few, Tenn: D C Stewart, Neshammock, Pa; C T Campbell, Texas; W H Hooker, N Y: Miss Jennie Scott, Ala; W L Clark, Columbus; D F Jack, Augustas; W S Holt, Macon: F M Lampton, J P Owens, Louisville: C M Gilbert, Savannah; N C Dagan, Bartow county; Oliver Dennings, The Glades, Ga; W B Baily and daughter, Richmond, Va; Mr and Mrs J M Johnson, Danville, Va; Winfield Peters, Baltimore; H H Beers, N Y; John P Beach, Knoxville, Tenn; Maynard Bixby, Silver City, Col; D Herring, Baltimore; G W Magnire, Washington; M Dath, N Y; D P Holloway, Americus; Fred H Ballman, Cincinnati; P P Watson, Va; J T Edwards, Jacksonville, Fia; W W Wooding, Ga; J W Peregoy, Philadelphia; Hugh Campbell, N Y; R E Wood, Troy, Ala; Martin J Crawford, Columbus; Frank Banning, Ga; Daniel M Willis, N Y; W A Brougdton, and wife, Madison: C J Gayle, Mrs J Gayle, Selma, Ala; J W Lancheimer, Baltimore.

ATLANTA, GA., February 5, 1880.

J H Devotie, Griffin, Ga; W Bledsoe, Ala; A H Smith, R H Lamp, N B B Chesm, Oakland Station, Ky; J B Albert, Baltimor; D Strong, Conn; B C Rathburn, Mrs Rathburn, N Y; F G Barry, West Point, Miss; G H Hazlehurt, B E Wells, Chatsanooga; R C Harrison, N Y; Sidney H Totten, Pa; Geo Wellen, Louisville; S P Plack, Smyrna, Tenn; R N Hood, Mrs 8 M Hood, Maryville, Tenn; J C Fain, Calhoun; J W Jordan, Americus; H M McKaldin, N Y; Landon Lyon, Durham, N C; G W World, N Y; Rob Griffith, Charlotte, N C; Thos Camp and wife, Miss Dura Wylv, Richard Golden, Miss Marie Parlenlis, Miss Louisa Feales, Mrs E S Fair, Harry Hunter, Wm W Bullock, Chas Resine, J H Deitsch, Jacob Hess, Miss Lutie Garoux, Manda Garoux, Miss Albera Hall, Harry Moise, C E Rice, Evangeline combination; Mrs Blakey, Wiss Blakey, Ky; Sam Houston, N C; Newman Erk, Little Rock; H A Drane, Maeon; T C Nolan, McDonough; W D Haynes; Americus; W H Watkins, Franklin, Ga; F J Randles, N Y; R J Lacumb, Savannah; L M Trammel, Dalton; A C Bruce, W H Parksns, Ga; J T Gallahan, Louisville, T A Barnes, Senoia; W T Cole, Griffin; S H Davis, Savannah; Sam Bligh, Madison; T B Paine, N Y; H Gradwell, A J Hemmassy, Evangeline; T P McDaniel, Knoxville. ATLANTA, GA., February 5, 1880.

JOHN RYAN will offer for the

next three days 50 ROLLS TAP-ESTRY CARPETS at \$1.00 per



Big Bankrupt Stock of LADIES and MISSES' HOSE at JOHN BYAN'S at a bargain.

THE LINEN STORE The Linen Store! -THE-

Entire Retail Stock of Irish and Scotch Linens MUST BE CLOSED OUT! CLOSED OUT!

Our wholesale trade has increased to such a great extent that we have determined to devote ourselves entirely to that branch of our business, and will therefore after for the next 60 days our retail stock of Fine Irish and Scotch Linens, etc., at prices which cannot be duplicated either north or south, and perfectly regardless of the recent enormous advance in all classes of goods in our line.

WM. ERSKINE & CO.,
542 jan25—1m Whitehall Street. JOHN RYAN is offering som

idid BLACK SILKS at

Big bargains in BLACK CREP BOMBAZ NES, TAMISE and all MOURNING GOODS at JOH

A. F. PICKER

1,000 pairs CHILDREN'S KID BUTTON SHOES at \$1.00. \$1.75 at JOHN RYAN'S.

-Smoke Duke's Durham; it is the bed 50 pieces of new style DRESS GOODS at RYAN'S at 25 or

worth 40 to 50 cents. DR. GEO. W. MARVIN continues all Diseases of long standing, Dispersown Medicines and guarantees Cure able cases. Office and residence Medite of the Medicines and Catarrh screed by interest and Catarrh screed by interest of the Medicines and Catarrh screed by interest of the Medicines of the Med without delay. His charges are and consultation free. Office hos

JOHN RYAN is selling t cheapest BLACK CASHMER

prices are extremely low. This is one of the "inscrutable appeared for Providence." It is gratifying to have however, that Scrotula can be effectually eradicated by the use of Rosadalia he personally in the providence. Its reputation is used. vide, and it always cures.

JOHN RYAN is offering big bargains in TABLELINE part of the Bankrupt stock. Those Bankrupt KID GLOVI

are very cheap. D. W. MILLER & C CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, EXCLUSIVE

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